Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSD, Page 1 of 88

BPA BOOK 32 PAGES TO

AFFIDAVIT OF TRUTH

For a true and correct copy of the Original

I, Christopher Earl Strunk, in esse Sui juris, solemnly affirm, depose and declare under the penalties of perjury that the attached NOTICE TO THE AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT RE: OFFER OF CONTRACT Received 20 January 2009 and received 21 January 2009 FOR THE RECORD RETURN and REDRAFT TIMELY WITHOUT DISHONOR WITH THE RESTRICTED SPECIAL-APPEARANCE NOT A CORPORATION The Living-Soul, with Attachments: *Oath of 20 January 2009 offer for contract /Returned & Redrafted, * Oath of 21 January 2009 offer for contract / Returned & Redrafted, * Notice to the Clerk of Records Judicial Notice (page 1 of 2),*Judicial Notice (page 2 of 2); along with the proof of service by registered mail, and that on January 23, 2009, Affirmant privately did duly fire BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA II, for being ineligible to POTUS and Commander-in-chief, and did duly serve notice upon he and his agents accordingly to no avail of law to date see the eight (8) page document marked by me as "Exhibit B" at the lower left hand corner of each of the pages is an exact, true and correct copy of the original.

Further Affiant Sayeth Not.

Christopher Earl Strunk in esse Sui juris secured beneficiary agent of the Debtor Trust transmitting utility TMCHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK©

Private Citizen of the United States of America

Private Citizen of the State of New York

Private Resident of the County of Kings

All Rights Reserved Without Prejudice

Sul nows

Acknowledgment:

THE STATE OF NEW YORK)

| ss
| the county of kings |)

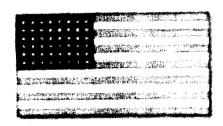
BEFORE ME, on this day personally appeared Christopher Earl Strunk known to me to be the person described herein and who solemnly affirmed under the penalties of perjury that every statement given above was the whole truth to the best of his knowledge.

Subscribed and Sworn before me on this day of April, 2014.

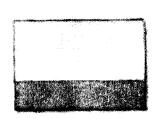
KAMAL P SONI
Notary Public 1997s of New York
Notary Public 1997s of New York
Notary Public 1997s of New York
Commission of New York
Commission of New York
March 31, 2015

Notary Public

PAGE 038 of 156







Non-Domestic
In Care of:

593 Vanderbilt Avenue — 281
Brooklyn, New York
Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32
Christopher-Earl: Strunk ©
Not a corporation
Living-Soul
Declarant
No Third Parties

Barack Hussem Obama in asse, a/k/a Barry Soctoro in asse, a/k/a Barry Dunham in asse, a/k/a Barry Dunham in asse, a/k/a Barry Dunham in asse DBA BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA. INC. SUPERVISOR(S), HEIR(S), AGENT(S), ASSIGN(S)
In case of the AGENT IN CHARGE OF THE UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE Office of Government and Public Affairs 245 Marray Drive, Building 410, Washington, DC 20223

LAMAR COUNTY, GA. SUPERIOR COURT
FILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY CLERK

DEPUTY CLERK

NOTICE TO THE AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT
RE: OFFER OF CONTRACT
Received 20 January 2009 and received 21 January 2009

FOR THE RECORD

RETURN AND REDRAFT

TIMELY, WITHOUT DISHONOR

WITH THE RESTRICTED SPECIAL-APPEARANCE

NOT A CORPORATION

The Living-Soul

Attachments.

- Oath of 20 January 2009 offer for contract /Returned & Redrafted
- Oath of 21 January 2009 offer for contract /Returned & Redrafted
- Notice to the Clerk of Records
- Judicial Notice (page 1 of 2)
- Judicial Notice (page 2 of 2)

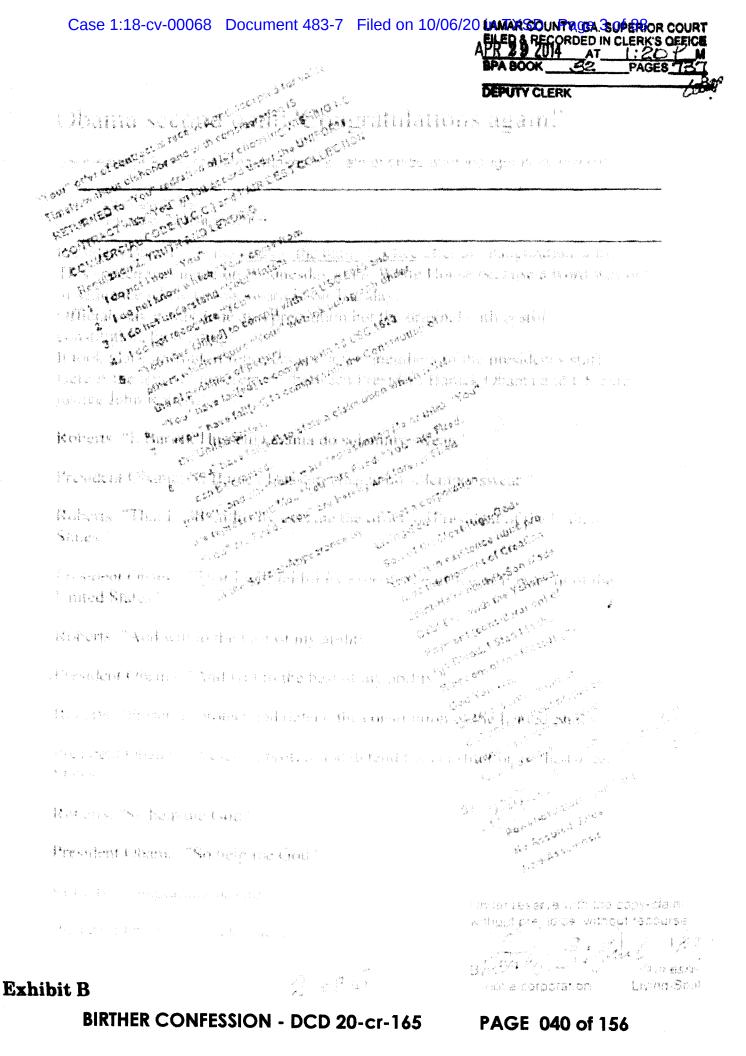
Charle herance with this to by to that without recounts

BANGER TO A COT O

ndin**a-S**rea Trin**a-S**rea

1086

PAGE 039 of 156



DEPUTY CLER DEPUTY CLERK The state of the s norga the peak is a long of the bost size of the And CEMPT County Took (1 to 12 to 1 Community through the second constitution of the second constitution of the second constitution of the constitution of the second constitution of the first part of the part of I have been as a common of the control of the contr The Other of President of the force of Street and the control of the State of the electron of the State of State of The s the Constitution or the United States Branch Branch Linder (Bishrye out) The Collins of Elis without the collect with the reserve \$ messa 3 06 6 Living-Soul not a carrefrant

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 inamatecourtrangalsuperior court

CARDED IN CLERK'S OF

NOTICE TO THE CLERK OF RECORDS

DEPUTY CLERK

The minute you receive any record, document, paper, proceeding, map, book or other thing deposited with you, you are committing crimes against justice under Revised Statutes of the United States First Section 43 Congress. Sections 5403, 5407 and 5408 totaling up to \$9,000 in fixes and up to 12 years in prison per affidavit you feel to record. This 18 I SC Section 2071 also corries fired, imprisonment and disqualification of office. If your county attorney told you not to file any documents like mine, you are still responsible, as I do no accept any third-party-interveners. Any attorney, district attorney, or anyone from the investing craft are all third-parties and do not have a license to make a legal determination in this matter as they do not represent Me and You, the county clerk, do not have the authority to represent Me. Should You fail to uphold Your sworn oath and perform your duties I will have no choice but to record an Affidavit of Criminal Complaint against Your and send a copy to Your bonding company.

Title LXX - CRIMES - CH.4. CRIMES AGAINST JUSTICE

SEC.5403. Every person who willfully destroys or anempts to destroy, or, with intent to meal or destroy. takes and carries away any record, paper, or proceeding of a court of justice. filed or deposited with any clerk or officer of such court, or any paper, or document, or record filed or deposited in any public office, or with any judicial or public officer, shall, without reference to the value of the record, paper, document, or proceeding so taken, pay a fine of not more than two thousand dollars, or suffer imprisonment, at hard labor, not more than tree years, or both: [See § § \$408,5411,5414.1] Title LXX -- CRIMES -- CH 4 CRIMES AGAINST JUSTICE (Descroying, &c., public records.)

SEC 3407. If two or more persons in any State or Territory conspire for the purpose of impediag. hundering, observeting or defeating, in any manner, the due course of justice in any State or Territory, with insent to derry to any citizen the equal protection of the laws, or to injure him or his property for lawfully enforcing, or attempting to enforce, the right of any person, or class of person, to the equal protection of the tasks, each of such person shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment, with or without hard labor, not less than six months nor more than six years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. See § § 1977-1991, 20042010, 5506-5510.1 Tale LXX. — CRIMES — CIL 4 CRIMES AGAINST JUSTICE (Conspiracy to defeat enforcement of the laws.)

SEC.5468. Every officer, having the custody of any record, document, paper, or proceeding specified to section lifty four hundred and three, who fraudulently takes away, or withdraws, or destroys any such record, document, paper, or proceeding filed in his office or deposited with him or in his custody, shall pay a fine of not more than two thousand dollars, or suffer imprisonment in hard labor not more than three years, or both, and shall moreover, forfeit his office and be forever afterward disqualified from holding any office under the Government of the United States. (Destroying record by officer in charge.)

18 USCS SECTION 2071 (2002)

Section 2071. Concealment, removal, or mutilation generally

- (a) Whoever willfully and unlawfully conceals, removes, mutilates, obliterates, or destroys, or attempts to do so, or, with intent to do so takes and carries away any record, proceeding, map. book, paper, document, or other thing, filed or deposited with any clerk or officer of any court of the United States, or in any public office, or with any judicial or public officer of the United States, shall be fines under this title or imprisoned not more than three years, or both
- (b) Wheever, having the custody of any such record, proceeding, map, book, document, paper, or other thing, willfully and uniawfully concoals, removes, mutilates, obliterates, falsifies, or destroys the same, shall be fined under this title or imprisonted not more than three years, or both; and shall forfeit his office and be disqualified from holding any office under the United States. As used in this subsection, the term "office" does not include the office held by any person as a retired officer of the Armed Forces of the United States.

Under reserve with the copy-claim orthour prefutice, without recourse

not a corporation Living-Esti

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSD Page 6 of 88

LAMAR COUNTY, GA. SUPERIOR COURT FILED & RECORDED IN CLERK'S OFFICE APR 29 2014 AT 1:20 TM
BPA BOOK 32 PAGES 740
DEPUTY CLERK

JUDICIAL NOTICE

While the misrepresentation of a material fact, past or present may constitute basis for an inference of legal "fraud," any act, omission or concealment which involves a breach of legal duty, trust, or confidence, justly reposed and is injurious to another, or by which an undue advantage is taken of another, may become the foundation for inference of fraud, and when there is a duty to speak, the concealment of a material fact may be equally as wrongful as a positive misrepresentation. Tex. Civ. App. 1943. Rnubeck v. Hunt. 171 SW2d 895, uffirmed 176 SW2d 7382 142 Tex. 167i 150 A.L.R.

(Parry having superior knowledge who takes advantage of another's ignorance of the law to deceive him by studied concealment or misrepresentation can be held responsible for that conduct. Tex. 1987. Fina Supply. Inc. v. 4bilene National Bank, 726 SW2d 537]

[We (judges) have no more right to decline the exercise of jurisdiction which is given. (this will include the county court of record judge Victor Carillo) than to usurp that which is not given. The one or the other would be treason to the Constitution."

Caken v Virginia, 6 Wheat. 264, (1821); U.S. v. Will, 499 U.S. 200.]

["(When a government becomes a partner in any trading company, it divests itself, so far as concerns the transactions of that company, of its sovereign character, and takes that of a private citizen....It descends to a level with those with whom it associate itself, and takes the character which belongs to its associates and to the business which is to be transacted." Bank of United States v. Planters' Bank of Georgia 22 U.S. 904(1824).]

["The United States as drawee of commercial paper stands in no different light than any other drawee." "The United States does business on business terms. It is not exempted from the general rules governing the rights and duties of drawees by the largeness of its dealings and its having to employ agents to do what if done by a principal in person would leave no room for doubt." Clearfield Trust Co. v. United States, 318 U.S. 363(1943).]

["Courts enforcing mere statutes do not act judicially, but ministerially, having no judicial immunity, and unlike Courts of Law, do not obtain jurisdiction by service of process nor even by Arrest and Compelled Appearance." Boswell v. Otts, 9 Howard 336, 348.]

| Want of jurisdiction may not be cured by consent of the parties." Industrial Addition Association v. C.L.R., 323 U.S. 310, 313.1

Under reserve with the copy-claim athorit presides without recounse

not a corporation (

BIRTHER CONFESSION - DCD 20-cr-165
Exhibit B

PAGE 043 of 156

LAMAR COUNTY, GA.	SUPERIOR COURT
FILED & RECORDED I	N CLERK'S DEFICE
APP 9 9 2014 AT	1:20PM
BPX BOOK 32	
	100
DEDLITY CLERK	Comme

[Judicial Notice]

- 1. ["A judgment rendered in violation of due process is void." World Wide Volkswagor Woodsen, 444 U.S. 286, 291; National Bank v. Wiley, 195 US 257; Pennover v. Nef. 95 US 7141
- ["... the requirements of due process must be met before the court can properly assert in personam jurisdiction." Wells Fargo v. Wells Fargo, 556 F2d 406, 416.]
- 1. Notification of legal responsibility is "the first essential of due process of law." Connally v. General Construction Co., 269 US 385,3911
- [. "A statute which either forbids or requires the doing of an act in terms so vague that men of common intelligence must necessarily guess at its meaning and differ as to its application, violates the first essential of due process of law." Connally v. General Construction Co., 269 U.S. 385,3911
- . "Whenever it appears that the court lacks subject matter jurisdiction, the court is obliged to dismiss the action." Willy v. Coastal Corp., 503 U.S. 131, 136-37; U.S. v. Texas, 252 F. Supp 234, 254]
- "Once jurisdiction is challenged, the court cannot proceed when it clearly appears that the court lacks jurisdiction, the court has no authority to reach merits, but, rather should dismiss the action." Melo v. U.S., 505 F.2d. 1026]

["There is no discretion to ignore lack of jurisdiction." Joyce v. U.S., 474 F 2d 215]

Under teserve with the copy-dia in salous, a qualte, without recourse

Signature ships the Frot a corografion Living-Soul

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSD Page 8 of 88 LAMAR COUNTY. GA. SUPERIOR COURT

FILED REGORDED IN CLERK'S OFFICE PAGES **DEPUTY CLERK**



Home | Help | Sign.in

(**60**>)

Track & Confirm

FAQS

Track & Confirm

Search Results

Label/Receipt Number: RE40 0301 908U S Status: Delivered

Your item was delivered at 8:07 AM on January 27, 2009 in WASHINGTON, DC 20223.

Additional Details >) (Ryture to USPS.com N

Track & Confirm

Enter Label/Receipt Number.

Notification Options

Track & Confirm by email

Get current event information or updates for your item sent to you or others by email. (@>)

Terms of Use

Copyright 1999-2007 USPS. All Rights Reserved.

No FEAR Act EEO Date

FILED A RECORDED IN CLERK'S OFFICE APR 20 2014 AT 20 M BPA BOOK 32 PAGES 74

JAPSHUT STREET IS T-1 HEN YORK, New York

101999004 3558250157-0097

01/23/2009 (212)330-2183 02:50:38 AM



Save this receipt as evidence of insurance. For information regarding domestic insurance, visit our website at usps.com/insurance/postoffice.htm

Order stamps at USPS.com/shop or call 1-800-Stamp24. So to USPS.com/clicknship to print shipping labels with postage. For other information call 1-800-ASK-USPS.

Bill#:1000300668752 Clerk:34

All sales final on stamps and postage Refunds for guaranteed services only Thank you for your business

Go to: http://gx.gallup.com/pos

TELL US ABOUT YOUR RECENT POSTAL EXPERIENCE

YOUR OPINION COUNTS

Registered No. **Date Stamp** 9640030190**81**5 \$10.00 0157 S. .00 A \$2.20 34 10.59 10.50 01/23/9 **Customer Must Declare** Full Value \$50-00 DNM AZreverse it desired a Brain in Gestie PS Form 3806 Any 2007 (7530) For domesti

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 48	33-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSI	D Page 10 of 88
	Non-Domestic In Care of: 593 Vanderbilt Avenue – Brooklyn, New York Zip Code exempt DMM 1: Christopher-Earl: Strunk O	281 22-32
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COUR FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBI	A LAMAR	COUNTY, GA. SUPERIOR COURT
Christopher-Earl: Strunk © in esse,) / BPA B	RECORDED IN CLERK'S OFFICE 2014 AT 1:20 M DOK 32 PAGES 74
Plainti	ff,) DEPUT	Y CLERK COOK
v.) Civil Action No.:	08-2234 (RJL)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, and U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY, Defends)) unt.)	•
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBI	A	
In the Quo Warranto matter of the United States of America and ex relator Christopher-Earl: Strunk C in esse	JUDICIAL N	OTICE

Plaintiff / Relator

V.

Barack Hussein Obama (a/k/a Barry Soctoro) in esse

Defendant / Respondent.

<u>PLEASE TAKE JUDICIAL NOTICE</u> that upon the annexed: (i) a copy of Relator's Replevin Demand of the Usurper Barack Hussein Obama with DCC Chapter 37 §16-3701⁽¹⁾; (ii) a copy of Relator's Replevin Demand of Gary Faye Locke the Usurper's Secretary of the United States Department of

¹ DC Code Chapter 37 §16-3701- In an action of Replevin brought to recover personal property to which the plaintiff is entitled, that is alleged to have been wrongfully taken by or to be in the possession of and wrongfully detained by the defendant, it is not necessary to demand possession of the property before bringing the action; but the costs of the action may be awarded as the court orders.

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSD Page 11 of 88

PABOOK 32 PAGES FFO

Commerce with DCC Chapter 37 §16-3701 (iii) a copy of Relator's Replevin Demand of Timothy Franz Geithner the Usurper's Secretary of the United States Treasury with DCC Chapter 37 §16-3701.

That Relator Christopher-Earl: Strunk in esse, by Special-Appearance herein, declares and states under penalty of perjury with 28 USC §1746;

- (1) that Plaintiff / Relator duly served the respective demand upon each Respondent / Debtor by Certified Return Receipt:
 - Debtor Barack Hussein Obama in esseReceipt No: 70092250000365685338
 - Debtor Gary Faye Locke in esse...... Receipt No: 70092250000365685277
 - Debtor Timothy Franz Geithner in esse..... Receipt No: 70092250000365685345
- (2) that Plaintiff / Relator duly serves hereby notice of the respective demand of each debtor named above upon the State of New York Secretary of State under the Uniform Commercial Code Section 9-501 that governs place of filing. Subsection (a) (2) the financing statement is filed as a fixture filing and the collateral is goods that are or are to become fixtures. Subsection (a) (2) provides that the office in which to file a financing statement to perfect a security interest is the office of the Secretary of State in all other cases. Pursuant to subsection (b) a fixture filing for a transmitting utility would also be filed with the Secretary of State.
- (3) That the respective State of New York Secretary of State oversees the U.S. Treasury District that has authority over the property where Plaintiff is in esse domicile resides.

(4) That a copy of this Notice is filed with the State of New York Secretary of State along with a Ten Dollar filing fee as there required.

Dated: November / 20

Brooklyn New York

Christopher-Eari: Strunk Oin esse 593 Vanderbilt Avenue #281

Brooklyn, New York;

Email: uncasyotes2@yahoo.com.

Cell-845-901-6767

Attachments

ee: Brigham John Bowen, AUSA
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
20 Massachusetts Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20530

Barack Hussein Obama in esse c/o The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20500 Wynne P. Kelly, AUSA
Office of the U.S. Attorney for the
Washington District of Columbia
555 4th St., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530

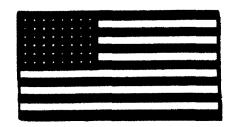
Daniel E. Shapiro

First Deputy Secretary of State

State of New York Department of State
One Commerce Plaza

99 Washington Ave,
Albany, NY 12231-0001

Cert R/R No: 70083230000005905998





593 Vanderbilt Avenue – 281
Brooklyn, New York
Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32
Christopher-Earl: Strunk © in esse

Not a corporation
Living-Soul / Affiant Laman County, GA. SUPERIOR COUR
Living-Soul / Affiant Laman County, GA. SUPERIOR COUR
Living-Soul / Affiant Laman County, GA. SUPERIOR COUR
Living-Soul / Affiant Laman County, GA. Superior Courty

BPA BOOK

BPA BOOK

PAGES 754

DEPUTY CLERK

Timothy Franz Geithner in esse

D/B/A: TIMOTHY FRANZ GEITHNER, INC.

D/B/A: THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

SUPERVISOR(S), HEIRS(S), AGENT(S), ASSIGN(S)

In care of:

The United States Department of the Treasury 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W. Washington, DC 20220

NOTICE TO THE AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT

RE: NOTICE OF REPLEVIN DEMAND

FOR THE RECORD WITH WASHINGTON DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CODE CHAPTER 37 SECTION 16-3701: DEMAND PRIOR TO ACTION;

COSTS - In an action of replevin brought to recover personal property to which the plaintiff is entitled, that is alleged to have been wrongfully taken by or to be in the possession of and wrongfully detained by the defendant, it is not necessary to demand possession of the property before bringing the action; but the costs of the action may be awarded as the court orders.

TIMELY WITHOUT DISHONOR WITH THE RESTRICTED SPECIAL-APPEARANCE NOT A CORPORATION -The Living Soul

Under reserve with the copy-claim without prejudice, without recourse

not a corporation

© in esse Living-Soul

PAGE 049 of 156

Page 1 of 2 EXHIBBIRTHER-CONDESSION - DCD 20-cr-165

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TAXAR COUNTY GALS UPERIOR COURT

STATE OF NEW YORK)

COUNTY OF KINGS

DEPUTY CLERK

Accordingly, I, Christopher - Earl: Strunk, being duly swom, depose and say:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

In the Replevin matter of Christopher-Earl: Strunk O in esse

Plaintiff / Claimant

Barack Hussein Obama (a/k/a Barry Soctoro) in case, Gary F. Locke Secretary of the U.S. Department of Commerce, and Timothy F. Geithner Secretary of the U.S. Treasury

Defendants / Respondents

NOTICE OF REPLEVIN DEMAND FOR RETURN OF PROPERTY PENDING THE REPLEVIN COMPLAINT FILING

The Plaintiff sues the Defendants for unjustly detaining the Plaintiff's goods and chattels, as the Usurper, Barack Hussein Obama, is ineligible to be the President of the United States Trustee / Administrator over any United States Departments and Secretaries with fiduciary responsibilities and the Usurper having been denied use of Plaintiff's power of Attorney on January 23, 2009 has by Usurper's continued actions that are void ab initio, including the waivers issued as to Defendant Secretaries and others, pillage Plaintiff's personal property to wit:

- A) the Plaintiff's Bond issued upon his birth certificate of CHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK after the birth in New York City on January 23, 1947 in the amount of 19687.5 troy ounces of gold;
- B) the Plaintiff's private account at the US Treasury is secured by the Plaintiff's numbered Bond kept at the U.S. Department of Commerce with the Bond number issued by the Social Security Administration; and
- C) The interest accrued upon the Plaintiff's investment into commerce since the year of 1963 thru now calculated upon the record by the Social Security Earnings Statement compounded annually at the respective annual U.S. Treasury Bond Rate from 1963.

And the Plaintiff claims that the same be taken from the Defendants and delivered to Plaintiff; or, if they are eloigned, that Plaintiff may have judgment of their value and all meane profits and damages, which he estimates at the present value of \$21,656,250.00 dollars based upon the equivalent current market value of gold with a net present value of 5,817 troy ounces of gold, and 909 troy ounces of gold accumulated interest on Plaintiff's investment into commerce since 1963 besides costs.

> Christoober-Earl: Strunk Cin es 593 Vanderbilt Avenue #281

Brookiva, New York

Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32

Email: chris@strunk.ws: Ph-631-745-6402

Sworn to before me this day of November 200

d in Kings County

without prejudice, without recourse

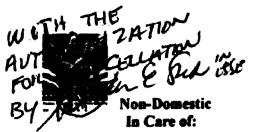
Under reserve with the copy-claim

EXHIBBIRTHER CONFESSION - DCD 20-cr-165

PAGE 050 of 156

© in esse I WARE SOUN







593 Vanderbilt Avenue – 281 Brooklyn, New York Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32 Christopher-Earl: Strunk © in esse

Not a corporation LAMAR COUNTY. GA. SUPERIOR COURT Living-Soul / Affiant FRED RECORDED IN CLERK'S OFFICE APR 20 2014 AT 1:20 M
No Third Parties BPA BOOK 32 PAGES 74

DEPUTY CLERK

Gary Faye Locke in esse

a/k/a 略家輝 (pronounced Lok Gaa-Fai)

D/B/A: GARY FAYE LOCKE, INC.

D/B/A: UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, SUPERVISOR(S), HEIRS(S), AGENT(S), ASSIGN(S)

In care of: The United States Department of Commerce 1401 Constitution Avenue N.W. Washington, DC 20230

NOTICE TO THE AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT

RE: NOTICE OF REPLEVIN DEMAND

FOR THE RECORD WITH WASHINGTON DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CODE CHAPTER 37 SECTION 16-3701: DEMAND PRIOR TO ACTION:

COSTS - In an action of replevin brought to recover personal property to which the plaintiff is entitled, that is alleged to have been wrongfully taken by or to be in the possession of and wrongfully detained by the defendant, it is not necessary to demand possession of the property before bringing the action; but the costs of the action may be awarded as the court orders.

TIMELY WITHOUT DISHONOR WITH THE RESTRICTED SPECIAL-APPEARANCE NOT A CORPORATION -The Living Soul

Under reserve with the copy-claim without prejudice, without recourse

not a corporation Living-Soul

PAGE 051 of 156

Page 1 of 2

EXHIBITHER CONFESSION - DCD 20-cr-165

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSD Page 15 of 88

STATE OF NEW YORK) **COUNTY OF KINGS**

LAMAR COUNTY, GA. SUPERIOR COURT RECORDED IN CLERK'S OFFIC PAGES' **BPA BOOK DEPUTY CLERK**

Accordingly, I, Christopher - Earl: Strunk, being duly swom, depose and say:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

In the Replevin matter of Christopher-Earl: Strunk O in esse

Plaintiff/Claimant

Barack Hussein Obama (a/k/a Barry Sectore) in esse, Gary F. Locke Secretary of the U.S. Department of Commerce, and Timothy F. Geithner Secretary of the U.S. Treasury

Defendants / Respondents

NOTICE OF REPLEVIN DEMAND FOR RETURN OF PROPERTY PENDING THE REPLEVIN COMPLAINT FILING

The Plaintiff sues the Defendants for unjustly detaining the Plaintiff's goods and chattels, as the Usurper, Barack Hussein Obama, is ineligible to be the President of the United States Trustee / Administrator over any United States Departments and Secretaries with fiduciary responsibilities and the Usurper having been denied use of Plaintiff's power of Attorney on January 23, 2009 has by Usurper's continued actions that are void ab initio, including the waivers issued as to Defendant Secretaries and others, pillage Plaintiff's personal property to wit:

- A) the Plaintiff's Bond issued upon his birth certificate of CHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK after the birth in New York City on January 23, 1947 in the amount of 19687.5 troy ounces of gold:
- B) the Plaintiff's private account at the US Treasury is secured by the Plaintiff's numbered Bond kept at the U.S. Department of Commerce with the Bond number issued by the Social Security Administration; and
- C) The interest accrued upon the Plaintiff's investment into commerce since the year of 1963 thru now calculated upon the record by the Social Security Earnings Statement compounded annually at the respective annual U.S. Treasury Bond Rate from 1963.

And the Plaintiff claims that the same be taken from the Defendants and delivered to Plaintiff; or, if they are eloigned, that Plaintiff may have judgment of their value and all mesne profits and damages, which he estimates at the present value of \$21,656,250,00 dollars based upon the equivalent current market value of gold with a net present value of 5,817 troy ounces of gold, and 909 troy ounces of gold accumulated interest on Plaintiff's investment into commerce since 1963 besides costs.

er-Earl: Strunk Cin e

593 Vanderbilt Avenue #281 Brooklyn, New York

Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32

Email: chris@strunk.ws; Ph- 631-745-6402

Under reserve with the copy-claim

without prejudice, without recourse

Sworn to before me this

day of November 2009 sear-

> **GEORGE ANDERSON** Notary Public, State of New York No. 01AN5070990

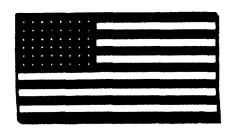
Qualified in Kings County Commission Expires Jan. 6, 201/

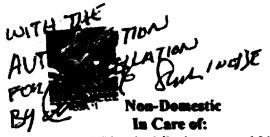
EXHIBBIRTHER CONFESSION - DCD 20-cr-165

not a corporation

O in esse Living-Soul

PAGE 052 of 156







593 Vanderbilt Avenue – 281
Brooklyn, New York
Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32
Christopher-Earl: Strunk © in esse
Not a corporation

Living-Soul / Affiant
No Third Parties

Barack Hussein Obama in esse

a/k/a Barry Soetoro in esse,

a/k/a Barry Dunham in esse,

D/B/A: BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA, INC.

SUPERVISOR(S), HEIRS(S), AGENT(S), ASSIGN(S)

AMAR CO	UNTY, GA. S	SUPERIOR COURT
LED & RE	CORDED IN	CLERK'S OFFICE M PAGES TO
APR 29	<u> ZUI4 AT </u>	1. COL W
BPA BOOK		PAGES_TOC

DEPUTY CLERK

In care of:

The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20500

NOTICE TO THE AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT

RE: NOTICE OF REPLEVIN DEMAND

FOR THE RECORD WITH WASHINGTON DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CODE CHAPTER 37 SECTION 16-3701: DEMAND PRIOR TO ACTION;

COSTS - In an action of replevin brought to recover personal property to which the plaintiff is entitled, that is alleged to have been wrongfully taken by or to be in the possession of and wrongfully detained by the defendant, it is not necessary to demand possession of the property before bringing the action; but the costs of the action may be awarded as the court orders.

TIMELY WITHOUT DISHONOR WITH THE RESTRICTED SPECIAL-APPEARANCE NOT A CORPORATION -The Living Soul

Under reserve with the copy-claim without prejudice, without recourse

not a corporation

© in esse Living-Soul

PAGE 053 of 156

Page 1 of 2 EXHIB BIRTHER CONFESSION - DCD 20-cr-165

Case 1:18-cv-00068 Document 483-7 Filed on 10/06/20 in TXSD Page 17 of 88 LAMAR COUNTY, GA. SUPERIOR COURT LAMAR COUNTY, GA. SUPERIOR COURT FILED & RECORDED IN CLERK'S OFFICE APR 29 2014 AT (:20) M BPA BOOK 32 PAGES 731

DEPUTY CLERK

Accordingly, I, Christopher - Earl: Strunk, being duly swom, depose and say:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

In the Replevin matter of Christopher-Earl: Strunk © in esse

Plaintiff / Claimant

V.

Barack Hussein Obama (a/k/a Barry Soctoro) in esse, Gary F. Locke Secretary of the U.S. Department of Commerce, and Timothy F. Geithner Secretary of the U.S. Treasury

Defendants / Respondents

NOTICE OF REPLEVIN DEMAND FOR RETURN OF PROPERTY PENDING THE REPLEVIN COMPLAINT FILING

The Plaintiff sues the Defendants for unjustly detaining the Plaintiff's goods and chattels, as the Usurper, Barack Hussein Obama, is ineligible to be the President of the United States Trustee / Administrator over any United States Departments and Secretaries with fiduciary responsibilities and the Usurper having been denied use of Plaintiff's power of Attorney on January 23, 2009 has by Usurper's continued actions that are void ab initio, including the waivers issued as to Defendant Secretaries and others, pillage Plaintiff's personal property to wit:

- A) the Plaintiff's Bond issued upon his birth certificate of CHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK after the birth in New York City on January 23, 1947 in the amount of 19687.5 troy ounces of gold:
- B) the Plaintiff's private account at the US Treasury is secured by the Plaintiff's numbered Bond kept at the U.S. Department of Commerce with the Bond number issued by the Social Security Administration; and
- C) The interest accrued upon the Plaintiff's investment into commerce since the year of 1963 thru now calculated upon the record by the Social Security Earnings Statement compounded annually at the respective annual U.S. Treasury Bond Rate from 1963.

And the Plaintiff claims that the same be taken from the Defendants and delivered to Plaintiff; or, if they are eloigned, that Plaintiff may have judgment of their value and all mesne profits and damages, which he estimates at the present value of \$21,656,250.00 dollars based upon the equivalent current market value of gold with a net present value of 5,817 troy ounces of gold, and 909 troy ounces of gold accumulated interest on Plaintiff's investment into commerce since 1963 besides costs.

Christopher-Earl: Strunk Cin case

593 Vanderbilt Avenue #281

Brooklyn, New York

Zip Code exempt DMM 122-32

Email: chris@strunk.ws; Ph- 631-745-6402

Sworn to before me this

COUNTY OF KINGS

_____day of November 2009

Motory Public, State of New York

No. 01ANS070000

untitled in Kings County

EN-COUNTY DCD 20-cr-165

Under reserve with the copy-claim without prejudice, without recourse

not a corporation

© in esse Living-Soul

PAGE 054 of 156

S

MULINIC NOTHINGS BROOKLYN, New York 112205313

3568880337-0097 11/10/2009 (718)748-0665 12:02:20 PM				
Product Description	Sales Receipt - Sale Unit Oty Price	Final Price		
MASHINGTON DC Zone-3 First-C Letter 0.70 oz.		\$0.44		
Return Rcpt (Card)	Green	\$2.30		
Certified Label #:	7009225000036	\$2.80 3 568527 7		
Issue PVI:		\$5.54		
ASHINGTON DC : one-3 First-C etter 0.70 oz.	20500 lass	\$ 0.44		
Return Ropt (G Card)	ìreen	\$2.30		
Certified Label #:	7009225000036			
Issue PVI:	:	\$ 5.54		
ISHINGTON DC 2 one-3 First-Cluster 0.70 oz.		\$0.44		

Return Ropt (Green \$2.30 Card) Certified \$2.80 Label #: 70092250000385685345 -----Issue PVI:

\$5.54 \$1 Wisdom \$1.00 \$4.00 **PSA**

Total: \$20.62

Paid by: Cash \$20.62

Order stamps at USPS.com/shop or call 1-800-Stamp24. Go to USPS.com/clicknship to print shipping labels with postage. For other information call 1-800-ASK-USPS.

.Bill#:1000300996682 Clerk:04

EXHIBITHER CONFESSION - DCD 25

U.S. Postal Service CERTIFIED MAIL FOLLOPT

(Domestic Mail Only; No Insurance Coverage Provided)

For delivery information visit out website at www.usps.com WENDINGTON BC 20220 10.44 0337 م Cartified Fee \$2.80 m 04 Return Receipt For (Endorstment Required) \$2.30 Restricted Delivery Fee (Endorsement Required) 90.00 45.54 11/10/2009

Timothy Fre D/B/A: THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, SUPERVISOR(S), HEIRS(S), AGENT(S), ASSIGN(S) In care of: The United States Department of the Treasury OF PO E City. Sh 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W. P.S. Frank Washington, DC 20220

> U.S. Postal Service CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT

(Comestic Mail Only, No Insurance Coverage Provided)

22	For deavery informs	ations webli	our website	at www.usps.com
	weg proprov s	C 20230		. 05
P2P9	Postage	\$	10.44	0337
m	Corefled Fee		\$2.80	04
	Return Recept Fee (Endorsement Regulacy)		\$2.30	Postmark Here
20	Restricted Delivery Fee (Endomerment Required)		90.00	
225	Total Postage & Fees	\$	\$5.54	11/10/2009

Gary Faye Lacke to esse <u>a.</u> D/B/A: UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, ori SUPERVISOR(S), HEIRS(S), AGENT(S), ASSIGN(S) In care of:

U.S. Department of Commerce 1401 Constitution Avenue N.W. Washington, DC 28230

U.S. Postal Service RECEIPT CERTIFIED MAIL (Domastic Mail Only, No Insurance Coverage Provided) For delivery influencement visit our website At www.usps.com 5 U MERCHETON, DC 2000 **L56** 0337 \$0.44 \$2.80 Currilled Fee Return Receipt Fee lorsement Required) \$2,30 Restricted Delivery Fee (Endorsement Required) 80.00 11/10/2009 \$5.54 ru ru Total Postage & Feet chi Chama in case '

Bereck Huse D/B/A: BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA, INC. GPO 400 5 ASSIGN(S) LALERS (S), AGENT(S), AGEN

U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia
in re Strunk v. U.S. Department of State et al., 08-cv-2234 (RJL)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On November 10, 2009, I, Christopher Earl Strunk, under penalty of perjury pursuant to 28 USC 1746,

Am the petitioner herein being pro se without being an attorney caused the service of three (3) complete sets of the Attachments annexed to JUDICIAL NOTICE declared November 10, 2009, and did place a complete set in a sealed folder properly addressed with proper postage to be served by USPS mail upon:

Wynne P. Kelly, AUSA
Office of the U.S. Attorney for the
Washington District of Columbia
555 4th St., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530

Brigham John Bowen, AUSA U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 20 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530

Barack Hussein Obama in esse c/o The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20500

Daniel E. Shapiro

First Deputy Secretary of State

State of New York Department of State
One Commerce Plaza

99 Washington Ave,
Albany, NY 12231-0001

Cert R/R No: 70083230000005905998

I do declare and certify under penalty of perjury:

Dated: November 70, 2009

Brooklyn, New York

Christopher-Earl: Strunk 593 Vanderbilt Avenue - #281 Brooklyn, New York 11238

BPA BOOK

DEPUTY CLERK

Supreme Court of the State of New York Appellate Bivision: Second Judicial Bepartment

M170416 E/sl

PETER B. SKELOS, J.P. THOMAS A. DICKERSON JOHN M. LEVENTHAL L. PRISCILLA HALL, JJ.

2012-05515, 2013-06335, 2014-00297

DECISION & ORDER ON MOTION

Christopher-Earl Strunk, appellant, v New York State Board of Elections, et al., respondents.

(Index No. 6500/11)

Motion by the appellant pro se, inter alia, "for civilian due process of law" on appeals from three orders of the Supreme Court, Kings County, dated April 11, 2012, March 29, 2013, and December 9, 2013, respectively.

Upon the papers filed in support of the motion and the papers filed in opposition thereto, it is

ORDERED that the motion is denied; and it is further,

ORDERED that on the Court's own motion, the appellant's time to perfect the appeal from the order dated March 29, 2013 (Appellate Division Docket No. 2013-06335), is enlarged until May 5, 2014, and the record or appendix and the appellant's brief must be served and filed on or before that date.

SKELOS, J.P., DICKERSON, LEVENTHAL and HALL, JJ., concur.

ENTER:

Clerk of the Court

March 4, 2014

STRUNK V NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF FLECTIONS

EXHIBIT D

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1	T T T	TES	71	'n	CIT		•	TO	•	A TO	AT	ME.	nı	~	
ı	יונו	N I	н			IΑ		H. >		м	A I	VI K.	КI		

nı	-:	tiff.
	uın	TITE

v.

Criminal Action No. 20-165-JEB

KEVIN CLINESMITH,

Defendant.	
------------	--

CHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK, EXECUTOR AND SETTLOR FOR THE EXPRESS DEED IN TRUST TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, MAKES THIS BIRTHER CONFESSION AS TO OUTRAGEOUS ACTS OF FACTITIOUS DISORDER IMPOSED ON ANOTHER, IN LIEU OF EQUAL TREATMENT OF A 18 USC §1001 CURE TO CONVICT SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE SCAPEGOAT DEFENDANT ALSO KNOWN AS KEVIN CLINESMITH, PROFFERS THE CRIMINAL ACCESSORY INFORMATION EXPERTISE AND INSIGHT FOR JAMES EMANUEL BOASBERG'S SECRET SOCIETY LIES AND CONCEALMENT IN U.S. SENATE CONFIRMATION

EXHIBIT 2

BIRTHER CONFESSION - DCD 20-cr-165 PAGE 058 of 156



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

JUL 2 9 2010

In reply refer to:

CA/PPT/L/LE - Case Control Number: 200807238

Christopher E. Strunk 593 Vanderbilt Avenue, #281 Brooklyn, NY 11238

Dear Mr. Strunk:

The following is in response to your request to the Department of State, dated November 22, 2008, requesting the release of material under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. § 552).

We have completed a search for records responsive to your request. The search resulted in the retrieval of six documents that are responsive to your request. After careful review of these documents, we have determined that all six documents may be released in full.

We did not locate a 1965 passport application referenced in an application for amendment of passport that is included in the released documents. Many passport applications and other non-vital records from that period were destroyed during the 1980s in accordance with guidance from the General Services Administration.

Passport records typically consist of applications for United States passports and supporting evidence of United States citizenship. Passport records do not include evidence of travel such as entrance/exit stamps, visas, residence permits, etc., since this information is entered into the passport book after issuance.

This completes the processing of your request.

Jonathan M. Rolbin, Director Office of Legal Affairs and Law Enforcement Liaison Bureau of Consular Affairs **Passport Services**

Enclosures: As stated

	FORM APPROVED BUDGET BUREAU NO. 47-R117.5
DEPARTMENT OF STATE FOREIGN SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	Post Djakarta, Indonesia
APPLICATION FOR	REFERRED TO DEPARTMENT FOR ACTION
RENEWAL AMENDMENT EXTENSION	RENEWED (EXTENDED) TO Jul. 18,1970
OF	AMENDED AS REQUESTED
PASSPORT CARD OF IDENTITY	
REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY	s 5.00 FEE COLLECTED
Do cument No. 11/100 Date (assed JULY)	s 5.00 FEE COLLECTED
(PLEASE PRINT NAME IN FULL) (FIRST NAME) (MIDDLE NAME) (LAST NA (A) (LAST NA (A)	ME) OPO , a citizen of the United States, da hereby
apply for the service indicated above. (If amendment, set forth detail	Is on REVERSE.)
DATE OF BIRTH (Month, day, year) PLACE OF BIRTH	
100V. 29,1742 1VIC17174, A	ANS95
NOW RESIDING AT MICHAEL AND ANDES	<i>→</i>
UNITED STATES REMOENCE (Stroot address, sity, county, state)	79
	æ m
IN THE EVENT OF DEATH OR ACCIDENT NOTIFY (Name in full, relation	nship, street address, city, state)
	A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATEST
Stanley Armour Vunham, Do	ANKOL MANALI, MOMO VILLA
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN REFUSED A PASSPORT OR REGISTRATION AS	A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED SPATES!
	FUL
NO -	F
/V·D -	-
	j
PROPOSED TRAVEL PLANS	IF RETURNING TO U. S. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ORT OF DEPARTURE
T. 3 - A3 . 31	ORT OF DEPARTURE
RESIDE WITHIN WONTHS	
I INTEND TO CONTINUE TO RESIDE ABROAD FOR THE FOLLOWING N PERIOD AND PURPOSE /A/DELINATE ALIDPITA	AME OF SHIP OR AIRLINE
TO ALL MARCHEN	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	ATE OF DEPARTURE
I have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passed tenship, been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or a	made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiance
to a foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision th	accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, or em-
ticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over fore	of an invitory; made a formal renunciation of nationality either
in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United fits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or	court martial of competent jurisdiction of committing any act
of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against to destroy by force, the Government of the United States.	tinst, the United States, or conspiring to overthrow, put down
(If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by	by or apply to the applicant, or to any other person included
in the passport or documentation, the partian which applies should be structor (or affirmation) by the person to whom the partian is applicable should be a	k.out, and a supplementary explanatory statement under oath stached and made a part of this application.)
]
	İ
I WA 1	1 1 1/1
Slanley	(Inn X lunkam Lockoro
1	(To be signed by Applicant)
Subscribed and Swom to(affirmed) before me this13th/	day of Microsoft S , 1968
(SEAL)	dokanta Transperse F. La Porta
Vice Consul of the United States at U. (The Department will assume that the consular officer, forwarding the appli-	icarion for the Dengarance's decision is fully sociafied to
to the applicant's identity unless a notation to the contrary is made.)	restron for the rechartment a necraton is thirk setration as.

		مينين والمساولية والمساولية			PAGE
	АН	END TO INCLUD	E (EXCLUDE) (WIFE)(HUS	SBAND)	
NAME			BIRTHPLACE		BIRTHDATE
				•	
and the bride beautiful and an			<u> </u>		
SPOUSE WAS PREVIOUSLY	MARRIES TO			PREVIOUS MARR	AGE TERMINATED BY
1	***************************************			C DIVO	RCE DEATH
NUMBER OF MY SPOUSE'S	PREVIOUS	DISPOSITION OF	MY SPOUSE'S PREVIOUS	PASSPORT	
PASSPORT /NDO					
7 0 0 0		ATTACHE	ED CANCELED	(DATE)	
		AMEND TO INC	LUDE (EXCLUDE) CHILD	REN	
NAMES	RESIDE		BIRTH		BIRTHDATE
Brak Kedy					
BANA					}
(See hankan)					
		AMENO TO	READ IN MARRIED NAME		
NAME		-			
DATE MARRIED	(*	PLACE MARRIED	•	MARRIED TO	-
			·····		
CITIZENSHIP OF HUSBAND					
	U. S. CITI:		EN-CITIZEN OF		
	OTHER AM	ENDMENT(S) (DE	ESCRIBE IN DETAIL ACT	ION REQUESTED!	
DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE !	JUBMITTED TO DE	PARTMENT BY	CONSULAR OFFICER		
DOGUESUS AND PURSUES I					
DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE	SEEN AND RETUR	NEU TO APPLIC	ANT BY CONSULAROFF	ICER	
STATEMENT OF ACTION BY	BORT HRON DER	407WENTIR 407	HODITATION (To be a second		ith access and and an Dank I
SIAIEMENI OF ACTION ST	POST DECA DEF	ANIMENI'S AUI	HOMITATION ILD DE EXEC	vred only in connection t	MIN COZES LEIGHED TO CEPT.)
THE PASSPORT			RENEWED TO	DATE	•
CARD OF IDENTI	ITY WAS		AMENDED AS REQUESTED		
CERTIFICATE			EXTENDED TO	•	
		- ب		<u> </u>	
AUTHORITY			-	(Consul of the Uni	ted States of America)
		OPINION (OF CONSULAR OFFICER	,	
X (Photo required for	inclusions)	×			ļ
1		11			
STAPLE ONE PH DO NOT MAR					
	tos required must	11			
be approximately 2½ by 2		(8)			
be on thin unglazed pape		(STAPLE			
view of applicant with a					
be approximately 2½ by 2 be on thin unglazed pape view of applicant with a ground; and have been ta of date submitted. When cluded they should be sh	•	::::: Î			
cluded they should be sho	•				
tograph. The consul will	• • •	<u> </u>			
that are not a good likene		1 }			
graphs are acceptable.					
Du not stable seco	and photo. Attach	11			
' loosely by preper clip. X			-	(Consul of the Hut	

FORM F5-299

In certain cases specific authorization by the Department will be required. In these cases an extra copy of the form should be prepared. Upon receipt of the Department's reply the extra copy should be transmitted with a notation of the action taken,

8-cv-0006	58 Document 4 (2)	EASE TYPE OR PAINTY	20 m TXSD Pa	ge 26 of 88
	CEPARTMENT OF STATE	BY MAIL	A O	A.S.A.A.S.A
photographs and	part issued within the past the fee of \$10 MUST accom	eight yeats, two signed pany this application.		
(Flat Shipe)	(Midd) monum			SERIES
Hagley A	UN DUNIBAN	1 DETOR		G,
PAIL BUSPORT TO	TO BOOK WITH THE STREET			byr
	Tenley L	Haris III	54-1 u	L'ANIMENT UT STATS
ST. EMNOLULU		ZIP CODE 36		HONOLULU, HAWAH
DATE OF BIRTH	CE OF BIRTH (GIV, Sinis, P	AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF		
160 29 42 1	Web it and			
Baldier SOLORIDA	Several programme and the second seco	THE RESIDENCE WAS CONTRACTED BY THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	ITE OF	
CASIDER SIGNAL MOUST INCOME.		CALLY 4	1,1972	7 2 00
		teachen		(e) 141
"等是党的	WALLY A.	1925 W	でと	CURITY NUMBER
FILTAMAN MA	me at milling oddfres, offic TRAMAN BAK	ZAF CITEMENT IN	in abroad were bo Time of your birti	H OF YOUR PARENTS U.S.
IN THE EVENT OF ACCEPBAT OF	PERH HOTHER CONTINUE	JESM Maria de Composito Co	alingually, year edited, freye	
(Name in full)	DUNHAM	(Relationship)	(Street didte	SERETANI
HINDROPED TRAVEL PLANS FURROR OF TRIP	WEAKS OF TRANSPOR			HONOLU
neturn home		September 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		
INDEFINATE	DO YOU SEPECT TO T	MAKE AND THER TRIP ABROA		PONESIA
ND: OF PREVIOUS TRIPS ASROAD BITHHU LAST IS MONTHS		IP SO, NITHIN [] year		Market
Manufactured pager 18 150.1	NA The use of a passoort in the	olications of affidualis or other sup after or multistics of a perspect is olation of the restrictions therein in	s annishable by fine end/o	amosisonment under 19 USC 1544.
have not some something that of Sinles plants it is foreign state, interest at serve a longing whereign publical subdivision of the subdivision of the subdivision of	cilizenship, been dahiralized as a ed in the Smed torces of a letary sensi: manaka torcal termolatio	a citizen of a fateign state; taken a n elete; accepted or performed the of nellocality either in the United	se cath, of made an afficau duties of any office, post, States is before a dictions	ion of alber larger deplacation of a or amployment under the Governmen is at consultar of liver of the Hollad
Anna Sakatati manis auditut	CAMBITATION OF	plity of any foreign state, protein o ny aot of arengen against, or alterna tapining to overthrow, put down or t	nae dy force to greithion.	of degrang acms agreement the United
	() any of the willon applies	ations-monitioned acts or condition schools be struck out, and a suppl	s have been performed by a	r apply to the applicant, the portion
		l lints application, i	GLARATION	
	and delend the	Ar-the penellius of 18 USC 1001 an re true and complete to the best of re Constitution of the United States	against all anemies: fores	on and domestic: this I will beat th
	(all) and alle evenion	gamen to the same; and that I take	This obligation freely will	out mental reservation or purpose of
		$\frac{4.1972}{6.00}$	Signature o	and an Arte
				A STATE OF THE STA
		J 15-92-00-9	Z U U Z Z ""	
		an tan tan tan tan tan tan tan tan tan t		
Les de la company de la compan				

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

REQUEST BY UNITED STATES NATIONAL FOR AND REPORT OF

EXCEPTION TO SECTION 53.1, TITLE 22 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS						
REQUEST						
of hederal Regulations I understand that a fee of \$25 is no he Passport Office Department of State, Washington.	D. C., 20524, within 30 days. Alas (24 Charles) (Signature)					
7-	ne Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952					
Director, Passport Office Department of State Washington, D. C. 20524 Attn: PT/AC						
	JECT					
NAME STANLEY ANN SCETCRO	DESCRIPTION 516" Brown Brown 135 lb.					
HOME ADDRESS Dialen Taman Matreman 22 Pav., D (Honolulu, 1617 South Beretani						
Nov. 29, 1942 N. A.	PASSPORT NO., DATE AND PLACE OF ISSUANCE F 777788					
BIRTHPLACE Wichita, Kansas	07-19-65 Honolulu, Hawaii					
DEPARTURE FRO	M UNITED STATES					
DATE AND PLACE OF DEPARTURE	DESTINATION					
October 1967, Honolulu, Hawaii	Djakarta, Indonesia					
FLIGHT NUMBER OR VESSEL	NAME OF CARRIER					
_	Jaren Airlines					
	NITED STATES					
DATE AND PLACE OF DEPARTURE FROM ABROAD	IDENTITY DOCUMENTS PRESENTED					
October 20, 1971, Djakarta, Indonesia	Passport as shown above					
FLICHT NUMBER OR VESSEL	NAME OF CARRIER					
FAA 812	Pan American Airways					
DATE AND PLACE OF ENTRY	DESTINATION					
October 21, 1971, Honolulu, Hawaii	Honolulu, Hawaii					
ACTION	TAKEN					
Identity and citizenship established.						
Exception granted under 22 CFR 53.2(h).	e en					

(Inspector's Stamp)

	LINE (immigration and Mathemisation Service)		SIGNATURE (IMM	igration Difficer.	
	HONOLULU, HAWAII		ار مان الم	mand to	
Bi	FRM 5.422 T- 11/2 9/21	Ux	· review	at the col	27 871

	OEPA APPLICATION FO INSTRUCTIONS: All requests for incliner an Agent of the Department of Streeuirements below, and evidence of	Passport Office Use Only) Amend as shown in section: B C D X E F Add visa pages.				
A	included by this amendment. If such passport, it should be submitted inste PASSPORT NO. OF APPLICANT	-	is have had, or been includ	ed in. o previous	BIRTH CERTIFICATE(S) SEEN	
์ (MAIL PASSPORT TO 34 9 1 STREET 234 9 1	CHILD(HEN)'S (WIFE'S) (HUSBAND'S) FILED BR CR CITY FILED BR CR CITY MARRIAGE CERT. NATZ'N. CERT. OTHER				
•	IN CARE OF IPLEASE PRINT NAME IN FULL) (First name) (Middle i, of the United States, do hereby request indicated below.	(12 1 -6-1	T TO BE PRINTED IN FULL			
B	INCLUDE MY CHILD(REN), AS FOLLS citizenship by naturalization, and have	OWS: (Also complete Section H if d a previous passport,)	child(ren) acquired	(Photo requirements for inclusion)	2
	NAME IN FULL	PLACE	OF BIRTH (City, State)	DATE OF BIRTH	STAPLE ONE PHOTO HERE DO NOT MAR FACE Photos must be ONLY of persons to be included by this amendment. The twa photos will be duplicates, approximately 2½ by 2½ inches in size; be on thin, unglazed paper with a plain, light background and have been taken within 2 years of date submitted. Photos should be front view, g	
C	INCLUDE MY (WIFE) (HUSBAND), AS (husband) acquired citizenship by natur married before March 3, 1931.) (WIFE'S) (HUSBAND'S) FULL LEGAL NAME	ralizati	DWS: (Also complete Section on, and/or Section I if wife PLACE OF BIRTH (City, Sto	was previously	but not full-length, and may not be snap- shot, Poloroid, ocetate or film base prints. When more than I person is to be included, a group photo is required. Color photos are acceptable.	
	DATE OF BIRTH		DATE OF MARRIAGE		DO NOT STAPLE SECOND PHOTO ATTACH BY PAPER CLIP	
D	EXCLUDE PERSONS, AS FOLLOWS:					
_	MY WIFE MY HUSBAND MY CHILDREN (Give name(s))			WHO IS/ARE TO APPLY FOR	R SEPARATE PASSPORT	
E	CHANGE TO READ IN MARRIED N	NAME,	AS FOLLOWS:			
	MARRIED NAME Link and		Instance	20		
	HUSBAND'S NAME IN FULL	to		WHO IS A UNIT		
F	CHANGE TO READ AS FOLLOWS:	1 10 1		₽ A CITI	ALTON JOEKE TILL TO	
6	ICHILO(REN)'S) (WIFE'S) (HUSBAND	'S) LA	ST U. S. PASSPORT			
	NUMBER			DATE ISSUED		
	IN NAME OF			SSUBMITSED H		
	FORM DSP-19		/03	'EA\		

THROUGH MATURALIZATION NY IMMUDATED TO ON (Month, day, year) ON (Month, day, year) ON (Month, day, year) ON (Month, day, year) IN SELF PARENT PARENT POWER HUSE END WAS NATURALIZED BEFORE THE (Name of count) As SHOWN BY THE ACCOMPANYING CERTIFICATE OF NATURALIZATION NO. TO BE COMPLETED BY AN APPLICANT WHOSE WIFE WAS PREVIOUSLY MARRIED BEFORE MARCH 3, 1931, AND WHO IS TO BE INC IN PASSPORT (If morried more than here, say forth forts in a supplemental statement) HER MADEN HAME WAS NAME OF FORMER HUSBAND PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE FORMER HUSBAND'S PLACE OF BIRTH MARRIAGE WAS TERMINATED BY OATE OBTAIN IN THE EVENT OF OSATH OR ACCIDENT NOTIFY MAME IN FULL PELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE THOUGH THE BY AND APPLICANT OF ACCIDENT NOTIFY MAME IN FULL PELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE THOUGH THE MARCH AS A COUNTY OF	LUDED LU
WHO WAS NATURALIZED BEFORE THE (Name of court) AS SHOWN BY THE ACCOMPANYING CERTIFICATE OF NATURALIZATION NO. TO BE COMPLETED BY AN APPLICANT WHOSE WIFE WAS PREVIOUSLY MARRIED BEFORE MARCH 3, 1931, AND WHO IS TO BE INC IN PASSPORT (If married more than twice, set forth focts in a supplemental statement) HER MAIDEN NAME WAS NAME OF FORMER MUSBAND PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE FORMER MUSBAND'S PLACE OF BIRTH NARRIAGE WAS TERMINATED BY OLATH OLOVACE IN THE EVENT OF OBATH OR ACCIDENT NOTIFY NAME IN FULL RELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE 1 have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport bas), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegian being state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, ployment under the government of a foreign state overning the sovereignty over foreign certitory; made a formal removalization of na ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consults officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; on been convicted by a court court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspicued to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanator, sit under oath for affirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applie I solemnly sweat (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these tional persons included in the they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	LUDED LU
AS SHOWN BY THE ACCOMPANYING CERTIFICATE OF NATURALIZATION NO. TO BE COMPLETED BY AN APPLICANT WHOSE WIFE WAS PREVIOUSLY MARRIED BEFORE MARCH 3, 1931, AND WHO IS TO BE INC IN PASSPORT (If merried more than twice, ast forth facts in a supplemental stateward) HER MAIDEN NAME WAS DATE OF PREVIOUS WARRIAGE NAME OF FORMER HUSBAND PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE IN THE EVENT OF ORATH OR ACCIDENT NOTIFY NAME IN FULL RELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE In the Event of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegism foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, ployment under the government of a foreign state; or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign spaticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of no ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought, ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspicuted or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory st under auth or affirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applie I solemnly swear (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these tional persons included in that they have not made to not be an end that they have not made to not an an order of the states of the states of the states of the states of the persons to whom the portion is applicable should be received and that they have not made to the states of the states of the states of the stat	nip, ne to a or em- arte or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
TO BE COMPLETED BY AN APPLICANT WHOSE WIFE WAS PREVIOUSLY MARRIED BEFORE MARCH 3, 1931, AND WHO IS TO BE INC IN PASSPORT (If married more than twice, set forth facts in a supplemental statement) MER MAIDEN NAME WAS DATE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE NAME OF FORMER HUSBAND PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE FORMER HUSBAND'S PLACE OF BIRTH MARRIAGE WAS TERMINATED BY DATE ONAME IN FULL RELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE 1 have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport bas), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, in ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign spaticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of na ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consults officer of United States in a foreign state; ever sought, ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or beating arms against, the United States, or conspicuted or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory st under oath for offirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be ottached and made a part of this applied in a political should be included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passpor	nip, ne to a or em- arte or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
TO BE COMPLETED BY AN APPLICANT WHOSE WIFE WAS PREVIOUSLY MARRIED BEFORE MARCH 3, 1931, AND WHO IS TO BE INC IN PASSPORT (If married more than twice, set forth facts in a supplemental statement) MER MAIDEN NAME WAS DATE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE NAME OF FORMER HUSBAND PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE FORMER HUSBAND'S PLACE OF BIRTH MARRIAGE WAS TERMINATED BY DATE ONAME IN FULL RELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE 1 have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport bas), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, in ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign spaticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of na ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consults officer of United States in a foreign state; ever sought, ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or beating arms against, the United States, or conspicuted or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory st under oath for offirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be ottached and made a part of this applied in a political should be included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passports, and that they have nor made to my possession of valid passpor	nip, ne to a or em- arte or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
IN PASSPORT (If morried more than twice, set forth focts in a supplemental statement) MARE OF FORMER HUSBAND PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE PURCE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE IN THE EVENT OF OCATH OR ACCIDENT NOTIFY MAME IN FULL RELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE The event of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant in the post of the duties of any office, post, or ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign sparticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign tenticipy; made a formal remunciation of naity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspin overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. (If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory st under oath for affirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applie. I solemnly sweat (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	nip, ne to a or em- arte or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
PLACE OF PREVIOUS MARRIAGE FORMER HUSBAND'S PLACE OF BIRTH MARRIAGE WAS TERMINATED BY DEATH DIVORCE IN THE EVENT OF ORATH OR ACCIDENT NOTIFY NAME IN FULL RELATIONSHIP STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE Therefore a continue of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign state; either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been coavicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspin overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. (If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory is under oath for affirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applicable should be applicable and made a part of this applicable stonal persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	te to a of em- cate or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
In the event of death or accident notify NAME in full I have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport has), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant being state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign sparticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of naity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been coavicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspit overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. (If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be attached and made a part of this applies independent of the post of this applicable should be attached and made a part of this applies. I solemnly swear (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	te to a of em- cate or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
In the event of death or accident notify Name in full I have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport has), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, or ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign sparticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of na ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspit overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. (If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory strunder oath (or offirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applicable. I solemnly sweat (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these or tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	te to a of em- cate or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
I have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport has), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant in the interest of the states of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, or ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign sparticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of na ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspit overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. (If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory stunder oath for affirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applied is solemnly swear (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these or tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	te to a of em- cate or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
I have not (and no other person included or to be included in the passport has), since acquiring United States citizens been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, or ployment under the government of a foreign state or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign sparticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign territory; made a formal renunciation of na ity either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspit overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory stander path (or officmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applied is solemnly swear (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	te to a of em- cate or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
been naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oath or made an affirmation or other formal declaration of allegiant foreign state; entered or served in the armed forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties of any office, post, or ployment under the government of a foreign state; or political subdivision thereof; voted in a political election in a foreign sparticipated in an election or plebiscite to determine the sovereignty over foreign tentitory; made a formal renunciation of native either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sought ed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction mitting any act of treason against, or attempting by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or conspit overthrow, put down or to destroy by force, the Government of the United States. If any of the above-mentioned acts or conditions have been performed by or apply to the applicant, or to any other percluded or to be included in the passport, the portion which applies should be struck out, and a supplementary explanatory stunder oath (or affirmation) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should be attached and made a part of this applied is solemnly sweat (affirm) that the statements herein made are true and that I have not previously asked to have these tional persons included in my passport; that they are not now in possession of valid passports, and that they have not made	te to a of em- cate or cional- or claim- of com- ring to
	ation.) ddi-
Subscribed and swom to (affirmed) before me this	<u> </u>
(Agent, Department of State or Clerk of Court)	

FORM DSP 19

	Case 1:18-cv-00	0068 Docu	ment 483-7	Filed	ccepta	/06/20.in		For Department Decision	
	APPLICATION FO	PARTMENT OF PASSPOI		ATION		POST LOCATION PASSPORT IS	Sufo Regi	ndonesia	
	Camplete ALL entries in unknown, write "Unknown sheets where space provides	apply to you. If blank spaces. I ite.	tion is itional	No. 22433100 Dore June 2,1976 Expires					
A	TO BE (COMPLETED BY AL	L APPLICANTS					OF IDENTITY AND REG.	
	(First name) (Middle name) (Last name)					SIO Fee	A		
	CTABLEY	A ALAL	dunham East	- 2 4	ſ	☐ No Fee p	11:34	fee cellected (for cord)	
	of the United States, do hereb			<u> </u>	citizen	Official p	asspert 48	3-page passport	
	DATE OF BIRTH PLAC	E OF BIRTH (City,	state/province, coun	try)			Y LAST PASSPORT WAS Directed in enother's passp		
	1 2 1 1 1 1	CHITA	KANSA			Location of iss		JAN, 4, 1972	
	HEIGHT COLOR O			SECURITY 5 - 46	· ·	HUNUL Number: C C	-	SHN, 7, 1772	
	VISIBLE DISTINGUISHING MARK	5	OCCUPA		RAD.	Submitted I Concelled Seen and to	nerewith Orho	r disposition (state)	
	NOW RESIDING AT DTL.	HADTI	ROMLI	23			MY LAST REGISTRATION		
	MENTENS DI	MAM,	TAKAR?	<u>'A_</u>			OF THE UNITED STATES V	Date of Registration	
	PERMANENT RESIDENCE (Show	TANIA,	TONOZULU	I, HA	NA/				
	IN THE EVENT OF DEATH OR A STANLEY DU HAVE YOU EVER BEEN REFUSIF ANSWER IS "YES", EXPLAIN	NHAM (F.	ATHER !	617	5. 5	ELETA	NIA # 1008 57 □ 100	HOADLULH, ZIP 9681	
В		TO BE COMPLETE	D BY AN APPLICAN	IT WHO R	FCAME A CI	TIZEN THROU	SH NATURALIZATION		
	I IMMIGRATED TO THE U.S. I R. (Month, year)			NATURA Suba		CERTIFICATE!			
	PLACE NATURALIZED (City, at	014)		NATURA	LIZATION	COURT		DATE NATURALIZED	
C	COMPLETE	ONLY IF OTHERS A	RE TO BE INCLUDE	D IN PAS	SPORT OR	PECISTRATION	AND SUPPORT GROUP PHO	TOCRAPH .	
	(WIFE'S) (HUSBAND'S) FULL LE			NAT	IVE BORN URALIZED	NATURALIZ	ATION CERTIFICATE NO		
	PLACE NATURALIZED (City, at	ate)		NATURA	LIZATION	COURT		DATE NATURALIZED	
	(WIFE'S) (HUSBAND'S) PLACE O	OF BIRTH (City, Stat	e or Province, Count	ry)			DATE OF BIRTH (Mo., D	ay, Year)	
	NAME IN FULL OF CHILDR	EN INCLUDED	PLACE OF BIR	TH (City,	state/provid	nce, country)	DATE OF BIRTH (Month, day, year)	RESIDED IN U.S. (Fram-Ta)	
D	EVIDENCE OF PRIOR	DOCUMENTATION	OF ABOVE-NAMED	PERSORS	TO BE INC	LUDED (For co	pletion by Consular Office	*	
	NAMES	PASSPORT NO			CANC	ELED OR THER POSITION	DATE OF REGISTRA- TION OR BIRTH REPORT	LOCATION OF OFFICE	
_									
E	OTHER EVIDENCE OF U.S. CIT	IZENSHIP PRESENT	ED (State dispositio	n)		^			
	ECRM CANAL	- 1001 to					COSH A SPROVED B	UDGET BUDGA H NO. 47-20017	

FATHER'S NAME			PAGE 7
STANLEY	MAKINU	FATHER'S PLACE OF BIRTH (C	City, State, Province or Country) U.S. CITIZEN MOT U.S. CITIZEN
DATE NATURALIZED	PLACE NATURALIZED (E)		Mai bia. Citizes
FATHER'S DATE OF BIRT			FATHER RESIDED IN U.S. From EIRTH TO PRESENT
MARCH 23,	FATHER RESIDING AT		Fram BIRTH TO 1765ENT
MADELYN	PAYNE		ANSAS IN NOT U.S. CITIZEN
DATE NATURALIZED	PLACE NATURALIZED (C)		
MOTHER'S DATE OF BIRT	H MOTHER DECEASED		MOTHER RESIDED IN U.S.
		HONOLULU, HI	From BIRTH TO PRESENT
I WAS NEVER MARRIE	D	PRESENT PULL LEGAL	NAME OF HUSBAND OR WIFE
MAS LAST MARRIED		1,1965 LOLO 3	SOETO RO
		W. 2, 1935	HUSBAND OR WIFE IS U.S. CITIZEN HUSBAND OR WIFE IS NOT U.S. CITIZEN
HUSBAND OR WIFE NOW R	ESIDING AT		
DJAKAET		1	
MARRIAGE NOT TERM	INATED ED BY DEATH DIVORCE ON		
MARKIA GE JERMINA I	PROPOSED TRAVEL PLA	NS .	
	TO THE UNITED STATES WITHIN	MONTHS	
	RESIDE VISIT. INDEFINIT	E	
I INTEND TO CONTINUE T	RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES TO RESIDE ABROAD FOR THE #OLLOW	ING REASON SULA A TO	
RETURN T	D"INDONESIA	SEPT PEB.7	7 4 6 6
D COMPL	ete pissert	ATION RESEARCE	
PORT OF DEPARTURE	COMPLETE IF RETURNING TO	DATE OF DEPARTURE	
	earta	JUNE 16, 1970	
NAME OF SHIP OR AIRLIN	- 4 44		The same of the sa
			上 からから。 ☆ かららばら
fine and /or imprisonment	under the provisions of 18 USC 1001 and,	port applications of in arridavils of other su for 18 USC 1542. Alteration of mutilation (upporting vocuments submitted merewith are punishable by of a passport issued pursuant to this application is punish
able by fine and/or impris	conment under the provisions of 18 USC 15 e and/or imprisonment under 18 USC 1544	543. The use of a passport in violation of t	the restrictions contained therein or of the passport regula
			n naturalized as a citizen of a foreign state; taken an oat
made an affirmation or other	formal declaration of allegiance to a fore	eign state; entered or served in the armed for	forces of a foreign state; accepted or performed the duties
or before a diplomatic or cor	nsular officer of the United States in a for	reign state: ever sought or claimed the ben-	formal renunciation of nationality either in the United Streeties of the nationality of any foreign state; or been conv
by a court or court martial of conspiring to overthrow,	r competent julisdiction of committing any put down or to destroy by force, the Gover	y act of treason against, or attempting by fi riment of the United States.	force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United St
boffion which applies should	i be struck out, and a supplementary exal	d by or apply to the applicant, or to any att	her person to be included in the possport or registration, on) by the person to whom the portion is applicable should
be attached and made a part	of this application.)	•	photograph attached is a likeness of me and of those pers
he he test dead to	rt.		
to be included in the passpo		•	
to de incinged in the pessor			
no de included la tre pessix			
no de included la tre pessix		<u> </u>	ann Dunkan Sollo
	ime by husband/wife to be included to	n passport) (To be signed by i	Applicant in presence of person administering with
	7.	n passport) (To be signed by a	Applicant in presence of person administering oath)
(To be signed or some to	firmed) before me this	day of	Applicant in presence of person administering acid)
(To be signed or some to	7.	day of	Applicant in presence of person administering auth)
(To be signed or some ri	firmed) before me this	day of	Applicant in presence of person administering authority and person authority authority and person authority authority and person authority authority authority and person authority au

	Case 1:18-	cv-00068 Do	ocument 483-7	7 Filed	on 10	0/06/	_			•
Winte "Un	ALL entries in sknown." Do no	all sections that app of leave blank space	PORT REGIST	etion la uni	known,	e trad	PASSPORT ISSU No. 230372:	ED	REGISTRAT	Idonesia
provided	ravided is not edequete. PRINT OR TYPE ENTRIES.						Date 4/28/ Expires 4/27.	105	Expires	
<u> </u>	TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL APPLICANTS (First name) (Middle name) (Last name)						Expires 4/27.		CARD OF ID! No.	ENTITY AND REG.
	,,						collected \$10 Fee collected		Date	
	STANLE	EY A	INN	DUNHAM	a cit	izen	No Fae passpo	ert [lincted (for card)
			essport) (registration				Official passpo			96-page passport
SEX (MF)	BIRTHPLACE	(City, State or Prov	rince, Country)	BIRTH D Month		Year	APPLICAN		ENCE OF C	ITIZENSHIP
	KAN	TA. NSAS, U.S.A.		Nov.	29	1942	☐ Certificate o	-		zenship
HEIGHT		COLOR OF HAIR		SOCIAL S		TY NO.	Data: 6 2			
		(Spell out)	(Spell out) (Not mandatory) Bearer's Name:				-	nitted Herewith		
5 FE	. <u>15</u> In.	BROWN	BROWN	535-	-40-85	522	No.: 2243		_	eled & Returned
NOW BES	IDING AT	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			Place: 7akir			& Returned
	J	lalan Daksa Jakarta Sela	I/14, Kebayon tan, Indones	ran Bar ia	ru		MY LAST F OF THE UN	ITED STA	ITES WAS A	APPROVED
so indicate	¹ 1617 So	outh Beretan	city, Stem, U.S. ZIP ia, Apt. 1008	. Hon	Hawa	111		•	1	ate of Registration
IN THE E	VENT OF ACC	DENT OR DEATH	NOTIFY (Not mand	istory) (Do	not give	neme	of a person who wi Relati	il accompa onship:	ather p	n traveling)
HAVE YO	LDI/	Duth Bereta	nia, Apt. 10 sport on negisti	UO HON	ioluli S A cit	L Ha	Waii Ph OF THE UNITED S	ons No.: TATES?	(808) 9 	49-2317 No
IF A NSW	ER WYER" E	SPLAIN WHEN A	ND WHY							,
		The second second	ATHER'S NAME	DUNHAM		BIRT	APLACE WICH (ANSAS, U.S.	TA BI	TH DATE	U.S. CITIZEN
dilipi yan			STANLEY			BIRT	HPLACE PE DI	BIF	T918	U.S. CITIZEN
J.			MADELYN PA	AYNE		<u> </u>	HPLACE <i>PERU</i> KANSAS, U.S.	'A. Pct	:.26,'22	ØYes □No
			I WAS LAST MARF	RIED ON	arch!	5,'64	TO (WMMM/Husba Iwher varried, v Lolo Soc			
	• •		HES/HUSBAND'S		EZ/HUS			MARR	IAGE NOT	FERMINATED
1	Law I		ardung, Indo				□ Yes 🕅 No	DEATH	CE ON_AL	g.28. 1980
			YOU OR ANY	ONE INCL	UDEO I	N SEC	TION B OF THIS A	PPLICAT	ION BEEN I	SSUED OR
			F YES, SUBMIT PAS DISPOSITION: Δm o	SPORT, H	FORT. IF UNABLE TO SUBMIT MOST RILL LIBMITTING No.: 72433100				SSPORT, S1 iue Dete:][[]	rate its ne 2. 1976
(PHOT	NEQUIREME	NTS FOR	COMPLETE IF CHILDREN OR BROTHERS A INDER AGE 13, AND/OR WIFE/HUSSAND, A NCLUDED AND SUBMIT PHOTO				ND SISTERS ARE TO BE	CONS	ULAR OFFICE USE ONLY)	
PERSO	NS TO BE INCI			SUBMIT PHOTO D'S FULL LEGAL NAME				WIFE'S/	TUSBAND'S	EVIDENCE
	s must be ONL'	Y at persons							-	material blumpings
bearer). is to be	When more that included, a grou	in one person B up photo-	BIRTHPLACE (City, State or Province, Country) BIRTH			DATE (Mo_Dev,Yr.)	☐ Submitted Herewit ☐ Canceled & Return ☐ Seen & Returned		caled & Returned	
Acabu o	f the inclusions	· C	HILD(REN)'S NAME		HPLACE		SIRTH DATES	CHILD(I	REN)'S EVIE	DENCE
	LATE WILL 81 OF INCLUSIO	TAPLE	N FULL	(City,	State or	Countr	y) (Ma., Day, Yr.)	:		
HERE.									[] e	mitted Herewith
	t impress se graphs.	AL ON							☐ Can	celed & Returned
on the re	verse of this app	lication form lunion	this application has), is explanatory statem prograph(s) attached i	ent is attac	:hed). I s	olemni:	y swear (or affirm)	that the st	PERMONTS MA	ide on all of the
					IAL)	لحب	Chan	\C'	nink 16	145
			to be included in pea (")	eport)	(T	To be sig	gned by Applicant i	n presence	of person a	aministering outh)
Subscribe	ed and sworn to	(affirmed) before m		04	my of		APN X	18_ <u></u>	<u>.</u>	
Consul _	W.1	of the Ui	nited States at	ikout	<u>ء ي.</u>	: م <u>التنا</u>		Ura of ha	on taking ap	pilcation)
OPTIONA (FORMER	L FORM 178 LY PS-178)		(OVER	YOU MUI	ST COM	PLETE		a. hat.	section at	January 1978 Dept. of State

	0			MICE TO THE RESERVE T	4010			070	
C	Case 1:18-CTOBECC							6 8	
		From (NATURALIZATION CERTIFICATE NO.					
			12	Seen and returned					
				Previously submitted					
	PLACE NATURALIZED (City, state)	ין	NATURAL	IZATIO	ON COURT	0	ATE NATURALIZED	
.			TO BE COMPLE	TED BY A	LL AP	PLICANTS			
	OCCUPATION					GUISHING MARKS			
	PROGRAM OFFICER, FO	RD FO					none		
E	WOMEN MUST COMPLETE FOLLOW			4ADDIAGE	106 N			EEFOR MADOU 2 1021	
-	I WAS PREVIOUSLY MARRIED ON			WHO WAS BORN AT (City, State, Country)					
			m 1484 (1911/m)				(6,17, 6,510, 600)	,	
	ON (Date of birth)	T7.500		0171761	Tann	 	- AMINATED BY	DEATH DIVORCE	
	ON (Date of Birth)	_	MER HUSBAND WAS U.S.		1		INMINALED BY	DEXIN DOVONCE	
F	COMPLETE IF APPLICANT OR ANY PE		MER HUSBAND WAS NOT L				A 455		
•	ENTERED THE U.S. (Month)								
	Applicant	rwar)		THER NA				, FATHER'S RESIDENCE . PRESENCE IN U.S.	
	☐ Wife		Date		Certific	cate No.	From (Yes	From (Year) To (Year)	
	☐ Husband								
	Child		Before (Name of Court)		Place ((City, State)			
	RESIDENCE/CONTINUOUS PHYSI PRESENCE IN U.S. From(Year) To			THER NA				IF KNOWN, MOTHER'S RESIDENCE PHYSICAL PRESENCE IN U.S.	
	Applicant		Date		Certifi	cate No.	From (Yes		
	C, Wife	f							
	Husband	Į	Before (Name of Court)		Place ((City, State)			
	□ child								
6		1	PROPOSED TRAV						
	I INTEND TO CONTINUE TO RES	IDE AB	road for the follo	WING PE	A GOIF	and purpose			
	Two years contrac	t wit	h Ford Foundatio	n from	Jan	uary 1981 - No	combon 108	2	
	The years contrac		. Tota Touridacto	714 74 040	Outi	uuiy 1301 - De	Cember 130	٤.	
	I INTEND TO RETURN TO THE L			Y DAT	E OF I	DEPARTURE			
		YEAR							
H		1	PRIV	ACY ACT	STATE	MENT			
	The information solicised on this for predecessor statutes whether or no	orm is a	uthorized by, but not limit	ted to, the	se stat.	Ites codified in Titles 8	, 18, and 22, Un	ited States Code, and all	
	soliciting the information is to esta	blish cit	izenskip, Identity and entit	tiement to	issumo	e of a United States P	seport or related	facility, and to properly	
	administer and enforce the laws per					of the Denomination of St	an and other are	eroment enacies having	
	statutory or other lawful authority	to mair	stain such information in t	basis to personnel of the Department of State and other government agencies having the performance of their official duties; pursuant to a subpoena or court order; and, araf Register Volume 40, pages 45755, 45756, 47419 and 47420).					
	Failure to provide the information individual seeking such passport, do	negues:	ar service, ar service,	י פרנד וחו דונ	CION ISI (or a United States Fam	iport, reizulo doc	Studie of manage of me	
NOTE: The disclosure of your Social Security Number or of the identity and location of a person to be notified in the event of death or entirely voluntary. However, failure to provide this information may prevent the Department of State from providing you with timely as				of death or accident is					
	protection in the event you should a						Dideland And a	in the second second of	
_									
•				TS OR CO					
1	(If any of the below-mentioned ac passport, the portion which applies								
1	the portion is applicable should be a								
ı	I have not (and no other person inc taken an oath or made an affirmati								
	accepted or performed the duties of								
	formal renunciation of nationality either in the United States or before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States in a foreign state; ever sough or claimed the benefits of the nationality of any foreign state; or been convicted by a court or court martial of competent jurisdiction of committing are not of treason against, or completing by force to overthrow, or bearing arms against, the United States, or completing to overthrow, but down or to						rtion of committing any		
	destroy by force, the Government o			ring arms	against,	the United States, or	conspiring to ove	runow, put down or to	
	WARNING: False statements made	knowir	ngly and willfully in passpo	ort applicat	tions or	in affidavits or other su	pporting docume	nts submitted therewith	
	are punishable by fine and/or impropression is puni	shable b	y fine and/or imprisonmen	it under th	e provi	sions of 18 USC 1543.	The use of a par	aport in violation of the	
	restrictions contained therein or o documents submitted are subject to			nishable by	fine i	end/or imprisonment u	inder 18 USC 18	44, All statements and	
,				ME TAV	NO 45	01 104 TIOU!			
'			(FOR USE OF OFF						
	APPLICANT'S IDENTIFYING DOC	UMENT	(9)		NTIFY PASSPC	'ING DOCUMENT(S) C ORT	IF WIFE/HUSSA	NO TO BE INCLUDED	
	Certificate of Natural-	No.:		1 0		ficate of Natural- on or Citizenship	No.:		
	Passport	Issue Di	178:		Pass		Issue Date:		
	☐ Driver's License	Place of	issue:		Drive	er's License	Place of Issue:		
	☐ Other (Specify):	Issued in	n Name of:	1 0	Othe	r (Specify):	issued in Name	of:	
					1	·			

My trip was delayed by I month Pick Please mail my passport to Mills 194 Policy S. ANN DUNHAM 1512 SPRECKELS ST. APT 402 HONOLULU, HI 96822

Starley ann Dunham PH 942-8454

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITE	DSTA	ZTT	OF	AN	MER	TCA
			\/			

Plaintiff,	
v.	Criminal Action No. 20-165-JEB
KEVIN CLINESMITH,	
Defendant.	

CHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK, EXECUTOR AND SETTLOR FOR THE EXPRESS DEED IN TRUST TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, MAKES THIS BIRTHER CONFESSION AS TO OUTRAGEOUS ACTS OF FACTITIOUS DISORDER IMPOSED ON ANOTHER, IN LIEU OF EQUAL TREATMENT OF A 18 USC §1001 CURE TO CONVICT SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE SCAPEGOAT DEFENDANT ALSO KNOWN AS KEVIN CLINESMITH, PROFFERS THE CRIMINAL ACCESSORY INFORMATION EXPERTISE AND INSIGHT FOR JAMES EMANUEL BOASBERG'S SECRET SOCIETY LIES AND CONCEALMENT IN U.S. SENATE CONFIRMATION

EXHIBIT 3

At an IAS Term, Part 27 of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, held in and for the County of Kings, at the Courthouse, at Civic Center, Brooklyn, New York, on the 11th day of April 2012

PRESENT:

MON. ARTHUR M. SCHACK J.S.C

HON. ARTHUR SCHACK,

Justice.

CHRISTOPHER-EARL STRUNK, in esse

Plaintiff,

-against-

NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS; JAMES A. WALSH/Co-Chair, DOUGLAS A. KELLNER/Co-Chair, EVELYN J. AQUILA/ Commissioner, GREGORY P. PETERSON/ Commissioner, Deputy Director TODD D. VALENTINE, Deputy Director STANLY ZALEN; ANDREW CUOMO, ERIC SCHNEIDERMAN, THOMAS P. DINAPOLI, RUTH NOEMI COLON, in their Official and individual capacity, Fr. JOSEPH A. O'HARE, S.J.; Fr. JOSEPH P. PARKES, S.J.; FREDERICK A. O. SCHWARZ, JR.; PETER G. PETERSEN; ZBIGNIEW KAIMIERZ BRZEZINSKI; MARK BRZEZINSKI; JOSEPH R. BIDEN, JR.; SOEBARKAH (a.k.a Barry Soetoro, a.k.a. Barack Hussein Obama, a.k.a Steve Dunham); NANCY PELOSI; DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK; STATE COMMITTEE

OF THE WORKING FAMILIES PARTY OF NEW

DECISION & ORDER

Index No. 6500/11

YORK STATE; ROGER CALERO; THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY; IAN J. BRZEZINSKI; JOHN SIDNEY MCCAIN III; JOHN A. BOEHNER; THE NEW YORK STATE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE; THE NEW YORK STATE COMMITTEE OF THE INDEPENDENCE PARTY; STATE COMMITTEE OF THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY OF NEW YORK STATE; PENNY S. PRITZKER; GEORGE SOROS; OBAMA FOR AMERICA; OBAMA VICTORY FUND; MCCAIN VICTORY 2008; MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008; JOHN AND JANE DOES; and XYZ ENTITIES.

Defendants.

The following papers numbered 1 to 25 read on this motion:	Papers Numbered:
Notice of Motion and Notice of Cross-Motion and and Affidavits (Affirmations)	1 - 13
Opposing Affidavits (Affirmations)	14 - 21
Reply Affidavits (Affirmations)	22 - 25

If the complaint in this action was a movie script, it would be entitled *The Manchurian Candidate Meets The Da Vinci Code*. *Pro se* plaintiff CHRISTOPHER-EARL STRUNK brings this action against numerous defendants, including President BARACK OBAMA, Vice President JOSEPH BIDEN, Senator JOHN MCCAIN, Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN BOEHNER, former House of Representatives Speaker NANCY PELOSI, Governor ANDREW CUOMO, Attorney General ERIC

SCHNEIDERMAN, Comptroller THOMAS DI NAPOLI, the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS, billionaires PETER PETERSEN, PENNY PRITZKER, GEORGE SOROS and six New York State political parties. Thirteen motions are pending before the Court.

Plaintiff STRUNK's complaint is a rambling, forty-five page variation on "birther" cases, containing 150 prolix paragraphs, in at times a stream of consciousness. Plaintiff's central allegation is that defendants President OBAMA and Senator McCAIN, despite not being "natural born" citizens of the United States according to plaintiff's interpretation of Article II, Section 1, Clause 5 of the U.S. Constitution, engaged with the assistance of other defendants in an extensive conspiracy, on behalf of the Roman Catholic Church to defraud the American people and usurp control of the Presidency in 2008. Most of plaintiff STRUNK's complaint is a lengthy, vitriolic, baseless diatribe against defendants, but most especially against the Vatican, the Roman Catholic Church, and particularly the Society of Jesus (the Jesuit Order).

Plaintiff STRUNK alleges seven causes of action: breach of state constitutional fiduciary duty by the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS and public officer defendants; denial of equal protection for voter expectation of a correct ballot; denial of substantive due process for voter expectation of a correct ballot; interference with the right to a republican form of government by the two Jesuit defendants and defendant F.A.O. SCHWARZ, JR., who were all members of the New York City Campaign Finance

Board; interference with plaintiff's election franchise; a scheme to defraud plaintiff of a reasonable expectation of successful participation in the suffrage process; and, a scheme by all defendants for unjust enrichment.

Plaintiff requests a declaratory judgment and a preliminary injunction against defendants, including: enjoining the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS from putting Presidential candidates on the ballot for 2012 unless they provide proof of eligibility, pursuant to Article II, Section 1, Clause 5 of the U. S. Constitution; ordering that this eligibility certification be submitted to the Court for proof of compliance; enjoining the Jesuits from interfering with the 2012 elections; ordering expedited discovery to determine the scope of damages, alleged to be more than \$12 billion; and, ordering a jury trial for punitive treble damages.

Various defendants or groups of defendants, all represented by counsel, present eleven motions to dismiss and one motion to admit an attorney *pro hace vice* for this action. The eleven individual defendants or groups of defendants are, in chronological order of filing their motions to dismiss: defendants President BARACK OBAMA, Vice President JOSEPH BIDEN, OBAMA FOR AMERICA and the OBAMA VICTORY FUND; defendants MCCAIN VICTORY 2008, MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008 and Senator JOHN MCCAIN; defendants MARK BRZEZINSKI and IAN BRZEZINSKI; defendant Representative NANCY PELOSI; defendant GEORGE SOROS; defendants THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY and ROGER CALERO; defendant Speaker

JOHN BOEHNER; defendant ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI; defendants Father JOSEPH A. O'HARE, S.J., Father JOSEPH P. PARKES, S.J. and FREDERICK A. O. SCHWARZ, JR.; defendant PENNY PRITZKER; and defendant PETER G. PETERSEN. The eleven motions to dismiss assert: plaintiff STRUNK lacks standing; plaintiff STRUNK fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted; plaintiff STRUNK fails to plead fraud with particularity; the action is frivolous; plaintiff STRUNK is barred by collateral estoppel from pursuing this action; and, the Court lacks both personal and subject matter jurisdiction in this action.

The motion to admit counsel *pro hace vice* for the instant action, by counsel for defendants MCCAIN VICTORY 2008, MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008 and Senator JOHN MCCAIN, for Todd E. Phillips, Esq., a member in good standing of both the California and District of Columbia bars, is granted.

Further, plaintiff STRUNK cross-moves to consolidate the instant action with a similar "birther" action filed by him, *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, in the Kings County Special Election Part, before Justice David Schmidt. Many of the defendants oppose consolidation because *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, is a disposed case.

The cross-motion to consolidate this action with *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, is denied. Defendants who oppose plaintiff's cross-motion are correct.

Justice Schmidt disposed of *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, on the grounds

of collateral estoppel, failure to join necessary parties and laches.

The eleven motions to dismiss are all granted and plaintiff STRUNK's instant complaint is dismissed with prejudice. It is clear that plaintiff STRUNK: lacks standing; fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted; fails to plead fraud with particularity; and, is barred by collateral estoppel. Also, this Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction and personal jurisdiction over most, if not all, defendants.

Furthermore, plaintiff STRUNK's instant action is frivolous. As will be explained, plaintiff STRUNK alleges baseless claims about defendants which are fanciful, fantastic, delusional and irrational. It is a waste of judicial resources for the Court to spend time on the instant action. Moreover, the Court will conduct a hearing to give plaintiff STRUNK a reasonable opportunity to be heard, pursuant to 22 NYCRR § 130-1.1, as to whether or not the Court should award costs and/or impose sanctions upon plaintiff STRUNK for his frivolous conduct. At the hearing, an opportunity will be given to counsel for defendants to present detailed records of costs incurred by their clients in the instant action.

Therefore, plaintiff STRUNK, who is not a stranger in the courthouses of New York, is enjoined from commencing future litigation in the New York State Unified Court System against: the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS, JAMES A. WALSH/ Co-Chair, DOUGLAS A. KELLNER/Co-Chair, EVELYN J. AQUILA/

Commissioner, GREGORY P. PETERSON/Commissioner, Deputy Director TODD D. VALENTINE, and Deputy Director STANLY ZALEN; ANDREW CUOMO, ERIC SCHNEIDERMAN, THOMAS P. DINAPOLI and RUTH NOEMI COLON, in their Official and individual capacity; Father JOSEPH A. O'HARE, S.J.; Father JOSEPH P. PARKES, S.J.; FREDERICK A. O. SCHWARZ, JR.; PETER G. PETERSEN; ZBIGNIEW KAIMIERZ BRZEZINSKI; MARK BRZEZINSKI; JOSEPH R. BIDEN, JR.; BARACK H. OBAMA, NANCY PELOSI; the DEOMCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK; the STATE COMMITTEE OF THE WORKING FAMILIES PARTY OF NEW YORK STATE; ROGER CALERO; the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY; IAN J. BRZEZINSKI; JOHN SIDNEY MCCAIN III; JOHN A. BOEHNER; the NEW YORK STATE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE; the NEW YORK STATE COMMITTEE OF THE INDEPENDENCE PARTY; the STATE COMMITTEE OF THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY OF NEW YORK STATE; PENNY S. PRITZKER; GEORGE SOROS; OBAMA FOR AMERICA; OBAMA VICTORY FUND; MCCAIN VICTORY 2008; and MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008; without prior approval of the appropriate Administrative Justice or Judge.

Background

Plaintiff STRUNK previously commenced similar actions in the United States

District Court for the Eastern District of New York and this Court, the Supreme Court of

the State of New York, Kings County. In Strunk v New York State Board of Elections, et al., Index No. 08-CV4289 (US Dist Ct, EDNY, Oct. 28, 2008, Ross, J.), the Court dismissed the action because of plaintiff's lack of standing, failure to state a claim and frivolousness. In that action, plaintiff STRUNK accused the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS of "misapplication and misadministration of state law in preparation for the November 4, 2008 Presidential General Election" by, among other things, in ¶ 51 of the complaint, of "failure to obtain and ascertain that Barrack Hussein Obama is a natural citizen, otherwise contrary to United States Constitution Article 2 Second 1 Clause 5 [sic]" and demanded "Defendants are to provide proof that Barrack Hussein Obama is a natural born citizen and if not his electors are to be stricken from the ballot [sic]." Judge Ross, at page 6 of her decision, held "the court finds that portions of plaintiff's affidavit rise to the level of the irrational" and, in footnote 6, Judge Ross cited two prior 2008 Eastern District cases filed by plaintiff STRUNK in which "the court has determined that portions of plaintiff's complaints have contained allegations that have risen to the irrational."

My Kings County Supreme Court colleague, Justice Schmidt, in *Strunk v Paterson*, et al, Index No. 29642/08, as cited above, disposed of that matter, on March 14, 2011, by denying all of plaintiff's motions and noting that the statute of limitations expired to join necessary parties President OBAMA and Senator MCCAIN. Further, Justice Schmidt

denied plaintiff an opportunity to file affidavits of service *nunc pro tunc* and to amend the complaint.

Then, plaintiff STRUNK, eight days later, on March 22, 2011, commenced the instant action by filing the instant verified complaint. Plaintiff STRUNK's complaint recites numerous baseless allegations about President OBAMA. These allegations are familiar to anyone who follows the "birther" movement: President OBAMA is not a "natural-born" citizen of the United States; the President is a radical Muslim; the President's Hawaiian Certificate of Live Birth does not prove that he was born in Hawaii; and, President OBAMA is actually a citizen of Indonesia, the United Kingdom, Kenya, or all of the above. For example, Plaintiff STRUNK alleges, in ¶ 24 of the complaint, that President OBAMA:

is a Madrasah trained radical Sunni Muslim by birth right . . . practices

Shariah law . . . with the full knowledge and blessing of Defendants:

Peter G. Peterson; Zbigniew Brzezinski; his sons Mark and Ian; Penny

S. Pritzker; George Soros; Jesuits Fathers: Joseph P. O'Hare, Joseph

P. Parkes; Brennan Center Executive Frederick A. O. Schwarz, Jr.;

Nancy Pelosi, John Sidney McCain III; John A. Boehner; Hillary Clinton;

Richard Durbin and others. [sic]

Then, in ¶ 28 of the complaint, plaintiff STRUNK alleges that President OBAMA "or his agent(s) as part of the scheme to defraud placed an image of Hawaiian Certification of Live Birth (COLB) on the Interest . . . and as a prima facie fact means the Hawaii issued COLB does not prove 'natural born' citizenship or birth in Hawaii, only a long form document would [sic.]"

Plaintiff's alleged vast conspiracy implicates dozens of political and religious figures, as well as the 2008 presidential candidates from both major parties, with numerous absurd allegations. They range from claiming that an associate at the large law firm of Kirkland and Ellis, LLP masterminded the conspiracy because she wrote a law review article about the U. S. Constitution's natural born citizen requirement for the office of President to the assertion that Islam is a seventh century A.D. invention of the Vatican. Further, plaintiff STRUNK alleges, in ¶ 129 of the complaint, that he:

OBAMA] on January 23, 2009 by registered mail (rendering BHO the USURPER as Plaintiff is entitled to characterize BHO as) on the grounds that he had not proven himself eligible . . . and all acts by the usurper are void ab initio – a serious problem! [sic]

Plaintiff's allegations are strongly anti-Catholic, anti-Muslim and xenophobic. The

complaint weaves the occasional true but irrelevant fact into plaintiff's rambling stream of consciousness.

Moreover, plaintiff STRUNK alleges, in ¶ 22 of the complaint, that defendant Vice President BIDEN knew that President OBAMA was "not eligible to run for president because he is not a Natural-Born Citizen with a British Subject Father with a student visa, however in furtherance of CFR [Council on Foreign Relations] foreign policy initiatives in the mid-east supported Soebarkah [President OBAMA] as a Muslim [sic]."

Also, Plaintiff STRUNK discusses, in the complaint, then-Senator OBAMA's April 2008 co-sponsorship of Senate Resolution 511. This resolved unanimously that Senator MCCAIN, born in 1936 in Panama, while his father was on active duty in the United States Navy at Coco Sola Naval Air Station, is a natural born citizen of the United States. This resolution put to rest questions about Senator MCCAIN'S eligibility to run for President. However, plaintiff STRUNK alleges, in ¶ 43 of the complaint, that Senate Resolution 511 "is part of the scheme to defraud" and "a fraud upon Congress and the People of the several states and territories contrary to the facts." Then, plaintiff STRUNK, in ¶ 44 of the complaint, cites Senate Resolution 511's text as evidence that President OBAMA concedes that the definition of natural born citizenship for President requires both parents of a candidate be U.S. citizens at birth. Further, the complaint

alleges that JOHN MCCAIN and ROGER CALERO, presidential candidate of the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY, were also ineligible, like then-Senator OBAMA, for President because of their failure to qualify under the natural born citizen requirement.

Plaintiff's alleged injury, in ¶ 47 of the complaint, is "[t]hat on November 4, 2008, Plaintiff, as a victim of the scheme to defraud, voted for the electors representing . . . McCain . . . not a natural-born U.S. citizen." Further, in ¶ 49 of the complaint, "as part of the scheme to defraud, Plaintiff voted for Candidate McCain despite the fact that his wife is a most devoted Roman Catholic whose two sons were educated by Jesuit priests."

Plaintiff alleges, in ¶ 51 of the complaint, that Senator MCCAIN, was born in Colon Hospital, Colon, Panama, which was not in the Panama Canal Zone. Further, plaintiff alleges, in ¶ 52 of the complaint, that according to the November 18, 1903 Hay-Bunau Varilla Treaty, by which the United States obtained the Canal Zone, Senator MCCAIN is not a natural-born citizen.

Plaintiff STRUNK, in his final twenty pages of the complaint, alleges that the massive conspiracy to defraud American voters was perpetrated by hundreds of individuals, at the behest of the Roman Catholic Church and especially the Jesuits, with the aim of bringing about the Apocalypse through the destruction of the Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem and the re-building a new Jewish Temple on that site. Among the entities that Plaintiff STRUNK implicates in his alleged conspiracy are: the Muslim Brotherhood;

the Carlyle Group; the CFR; Halliburton; Kirkland and Ellis, LLP; and, the Brennan Center for Justice at NYU. For example, in ¶91 of the complaint, plaintiff STRUNK states:

That members of the Council on Foreign Relations including Peter G. Petersen as then Chairman that act with the Jesuit Order by the oath of allegiance superior to the United States Constitution, Treaties, and various States' Constitutions that starting no later than January 2006 sought to usurp the executive branch of government using Barack Hussein Obama II and John S. McCain III, as a matched set of contenders then under joint command and control, to preclude any other contender in preparation for a banking and sub-prime mortgage collapse that requires subsuming the sovereignty of the people of the united States of America and New York to International Monetary Fund conditionality with loss of the dollar reserve currency status, and collapse of the living standards of the vast majority of the Americans to that of a third world status. [sic] Plaintiff STRUNK, in ¶ 139 of the complaint, alleges that defendant GEORGE

SOROS "proves his allegiance to Rome by promoting Muslim Brotherhood overt control

of Egypt . . . We cannot forget that the Jesuits in Cairo created the Muslim Brotherhood in 1928, the same year the Order created Opus Dei in Spain [sic]." Further, plaintiff STRUNK, in ¶ 145 of the complaint alleges that "Defendants Pritzker and Soros have managed a crucial role for the Vatican State as a member of the CFR and high level Freemasonry and in conjunction with King Juan Carlos (the King of Jerusalem) to create global regionalism that subsumes national sovereignty of the USA and the People of New York state to the detriment of plaintiff and those similarly situated [sic]."

Eleven defendants or groups of defendants filed motions to dismiss, arguing that plaintiff STRUNK: lacks standing; failed to state a claim upon which relief can be granted; failed to plead fraud with particularity; and, is barred by collateral estoppel. Further, defendants argue that the Court lacks both personal and subject matter jurisdiction and the instant complaint is frivolous. Plaintiff, in response, filed an affidavit in opposition to the motions to dismiss and moved to consolidate the instant action with *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08.

On August 22, 2011, I held oral arguments on the record with respect to the thirteen instant motions. At the hearing, plaintiff STRUNK agreed with the Court that President OBAMA, with the release of his long-form Hawaiian birth certificate, was born in Honolulu, Hawaii [tr., p. 23]. However, plaintiff STRUNK, at tr., pp. 30 - 31, argued that a "natural born citizen," eligible to run for President of the United States, pursuant to

Article II, Section 1, Clause 5 of the U.S. Constitution, means that not only the candidate is natural born, but both of the candidate's parents are natural born.

The following exchange at the oral arguments took place, at tr., p. 34, line 25 - p. 35, line 16:

MR. STRUNK:

My injury, I voted for McCain.

THE COURT:

Is that an injury?

MR. STRUNK:

My injury is he did not challenge Mr. Obama

after he went through the whole exercise.

THE COURT:

You're saying he should have challenged Mr.

Obama's presidency?

MR. STRUNK:

Absolutely, and the ballot. The onus is on me

because he violated his agreement with me. You can't challenge the eligibility

until he's up to be sworn. McCain, since everybody in Congress, since they

didn't want to know about anything, so it was my responsibility. I fired him

by registered mail within 72 hours.

THE COURT:

I saw your letter that you fired the President.

I guess he didn't agree with you because he's still there.

A discussion ensued as to how plaintiff STRUNK alleges that President OBAMA is a Muslim [tr., pp. 36 - 38]. The following colloquy took place at tr., p. 37, lines 4 - 8:

THE COURT: How could you come to the conclusion that he's a radical Sunni Muslim?

MR. STRUNK: Because that's what his records show and that's what the testimony of individuals who were in class with him show.

The following portions of the exchange, at tr., p. 39, line 9 - p. 43, line 8 demonstrates the irrational anti-Catholic bias of plaintiff STRUNK:

THE COURT: What I find fascinating, first of all you said there was a connection there where you say Cindy McCain says she's a Catholic. I don't know if she is. I think you said she's Catholic faith, Cindy McCain.

MR. STRUNK: She is the largest distributor of Budweiser.

THE COURT: I know that. That doesn't make her a Catholic necessarily.

MR. STRUNK: It's the connection that counts. Your don't get those connections.

THE COURT: ... I don't know if the Busch family is Catholic.

I don't care.

MR. STRUNK: That's big business.

THE COURT: That's big business selling beer . . . Let's put

Anheuser-Busch to the side.

You said she's a Catholic and you get into this whole riff or rant, whatever you want to call it, about the Catholic Church and Father O'Hare, the Vatican. You go on and on about the Vatican . . . but it seems to me you have this theory that everything is a conspiracy and it always falls back to Rome.

MR. STRUNK: That's a matter of public record.

THE COURT: Oh, okay.

MR. STRUNK: What the key is here, Ms. McCain is on the Board of Directors for a Jesuit run school where her children are going to school.

THE COURT: Could very well be. I don't know.

MR. STRUNK: ... In fact, it turns out in the discovery of the

connection to the Jesuits it was so compelling that when I started really digging into the background of this scheme of defraud, putting up two Manchurian candidates at once, which would take advantage of New York State's weakness in our law which required honesty. We require to have honesty and didn't get it.

THE COURT:

Your case is more The Da Vinci Code.

MR. STRUNK:

The Da Vinci Code is a phoney book.

THE COURT:

With all due respect to John Frankenheimer,

The Manchurian Candidate according to you and the school of the Vatican, by that way it describes the gist of your argument.

MR. STRUNK:

Frankenheimer?

THE COURT:

He directed the original Manchurian Candidate

movie.

MR. STRUNK:

The old?

THE COURT:

With Frank, not Denzel.

MR. STRUNK:

Frankenheimer?

THE COURT:

1962 movie.

MR. STRUNK:

I was aware of the movie at that point, but - -

THE COURT:

Okay, forget it.

MR. STRUNK:

This is the one with Frank Sinatra?

THE COURT:

And Laurence Harvey.

MR. STRUNK:

The Queen of Diamonds/ Now you've brought - -

THE COURT:

You mentioned *The Manchurian Candidate*. They

have it in the movie.

MR. STRUNK:

I've used it as a pejorative.

THE COURT:

I understand that, and I think that The Da Vinci

Code, to make some interesting argument, that's a work of fiction. At least I think it's a work of fiction.

MR. STRUNK:

The Manchurian Candidate was not a work of

fiction. The work - - I didn't want to get into this area.

THE COURT:

Let's not get into analogies. I understand you

have various arguments but it seems to all come back to Rome.

MR. STRUNK:

No, it comes back to New York State and

whether I have standing in the Supreme Court of the State of New York

on the question of who's going to take responsibility to enforce the law which has not been done.

THE COURT: Okay, that's your argument.

Standard for a motion to dismiss

"When determining a motion to dismiss, the court must 'accept the facts as alleged in the complaint as true, accord plaintiffs the benefit of every possible favorable inference, and determine only whether the facts as alleged fit within any cognizable legal theory' (see Arnav Indus., Inc. Retirement Trust v Brown, Raysman, Milstein, Felder & Steiner, 96 NY2d 300, 303 [2001]; Leon v Martinez, 84 NY2d 83, 87-88 [1994]) [Emphasis added]." (Goldman v Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., 5 NY3d 561, 570-571 [2005]). Further, the Court, in Morris v Morris (306 AD2d 449, 451 [2d Dept 2003]), instructed that:

In determining whether a complaint is sufficient to withstand a motion pursuant to CPLR 3211 (a) (7), "the sole criterion is whether the pleading states a cause of action, and if from its four corners factual allegations are discerned which taken together manifest any cause of action cognizable at law a motion for dismissal will fail" (Guggenheimer v Ginsburg, 43 NY2d 268, 275 [1977]. The court must accept the facts

alleged in the complaint to be true and determine only whether the facts alleged fit within any cognizable legal theory (see Dye v Catholic Med. Ctr. of Brooklyn & Queens, 273 AD2d 193 [2000]). However, bare legal conclusions are not entitled to the benefit of the presumption of truth and are not accorded every favorable inference (see Doria v Masucci, 230 AD2d 764 [2000]). [Emphasis added]

For a plaintiff to survive a motion to dismiss for failure to state a cause of action, the factual allegations in the claim cannot be "merely conclusory and speculative in nature and not supported by any specific facts." (Residents for a More Beautiful Port Washington, Inc. v Town of North Hempstead, 153 AD3d 727, 729 [2d Dept 1989]). "The allegations in the complaint cannot be vague and conclusory." (Stoianoff v Gahona, 248 AD2d 525 [2d Dept 1998], app dismissed 92 NY2d 844 [1998], cert denied by Stoianoff v New York Times, 525 US 953 [1998]). (See LoPresti v Massachusetts Mut. Life Ins. Co., 30 AD3d 474 [2d Dept 2006]; Levin v Isayeu, 27 AD3d 425 [2d Dept 2006]; Hart v Scott, 8 AD3d 532 [2d Dept 2004]).

Plaintiff STRUNK's complaint must be dismissed because the "Court need not, and should not, accept legal conclusions, unwarranted inferences, unwarranted deductions, baseless conclusions of law, or sweeping legal conclusions cast in the form of

factual allegations. (*Ulmann v Norma Kamali, Inc.*, 207 AD2d 691 [1d Dept 1994]; *Mark Hampton, Inc. v Bergreen*, 173 AD2d 220 [1d Dept 1991])." (*Goode v Charter Oak Fire Ins. Co.*, 8 Misc 3d 1023[A], at 2 [Sup Ct, Nassau County 2005]). It is clear that the facts alleged by plaintiff STRUNK do not fit into any cognizable legal theory.

Plaintiff STRUNK'S complaint is more of a political manifesto than a verified pleading. Similar lawsuits challenging the eligibility of President OBAMA and Senator MCCAIN for the presidency based upon plaintiff's incorrect interpretation of the term "natural born Citizen" in Article II, Section 1, Clause 5 of the U.S. Constitution have been dismissed as a matter of law. (See Drake v Obama, 664 F 3d 774 [9th Cir 2011]; Barnett v Obama, 2009 WL 3861788 [US Dist Ct, CD CA 2009]; Berg v Obama, 574 F Supp 2d 509 [ED Pa 2008], affd 586 F3d 234 [3d Cir 2009]; Robinson v Bowen, 567 F Supp 2d 1144 [ND Ca 2008]; Hollander v McCain, 566 F Supp 2d 63 [D NH 2008]).

Plaintiff STRUNK lacks standing

Plaintiff STRUNK lacks standing to sue in state court, having suffered no injury. "Standing to sue is critical to the proper functioning of the judicial system. It is a threshold issue. If standing is denied, the pathway to the courthouse is blocked. The plaintiff who has standing, however, may cross the threshold and seek judicial redress." (Saratoga County Chamber of Commerce, Inc. v Pataki, 100 NY2d 801 812 [2003], cert denied 540 US 1017 [2003]). Professor David Siegel, in NY Prac, § 136, at 232 [4d ed]

instructs that:

[i]t is the law's policy to allow only an aggrieved person to bring a lawsuit . . . A want of "standing to sue," in other words, is just another way of saying that this particular plaintiff is not involved in a genuine controversy, and a simple syllogism takes us from there to a "jurisdictional" dismissal: (1) the courts have jurisdiction only over controversies; (2) a plaintiff found to lack "standing" is not involved in a controversy; and (3) the courts therefore have no jurisdiction of the case when such a plaintiff purports to bring it.

"Standing to sue requires an interest in the claim at issue in the lawsuit that the law will recognize as a sufficient predicate for determining the issue at the litigant's request."

(Caprer v Nussbaum, 36 AD3d 176, 181 [2d Dept 2006]). "An analysis of standing begins with a determination of whether the party seeking relief has sustained an injury (see Society of Plastic Indus. v County of Suffolk, 77 NY2d 761, 762-773 [1991])."

(Mahoney v Pataki, 98 NY2d 45, 52 [2002]). "The Court of Appeals has defined the standard by which standing is measured, explaining that a plaintiff, in order to have standing in a particular dispute, must demonstrate an injury in fact that falls within the relevant zone of interests sought to be protected by law." (Caprer v Nussbaum at 183).

A plaintiff, to have standing, "must allege personal injury fairly traceable to the defendant's allegedly unlawful conduct and likely to be redressed by the requested relief."

(Allen v Wright, 468 US 737, 751 [1984]). If a plaintiff lacks standing to sue, the plaintiff may not proceed in the action. (Stark v Goldberg, 297 AD2d 203 [1st Dept 2002]).

Plaintiff STRUNK clearly lacks standing to sue because he cannot establish an injury in fact. Plaintiff's claim that his November 2008 vote for Senator MCCAIN for President was his injury is the type of generalized grievance that is foreclosed by the U.S. Constitution's particularized injury requirement. "We have consistently held that a plaintiff raising only a generally available grievance about government-claiming only harm to his and every citizen's interest in proper application of the Constitution and laws, and seeking relief that no more directly and tangibly benefits him than it does the public at large-does not state an Article III case or controversy." (Lujan v Defenders of Wildlife, 504 US 555, 572 [1992]). "Thus, a private citizen who does not show any special rights or interests in the matter in controversy, other than those common to all taxpayers and citizens, has no standing to sue." (Matter of Meehan v County of Westchester, 3 AD3d 533, 534 [2d Dept 2004]). (See Diederich v Rockland County Police Chiefs' Ass'n, 33 AD3d 653, 654 [2d Dept 2006]; Concerned Taxpayers of Stony Point v Town of Stony Point, 28 AD3d 657, 658 [2d Dept 2006]). Plaintiff STRUNK's complaint alleges nothing more than non-justiciable abstract and theoretical claims. Therefore, the instant complaint, failing to state any allegation of a particularized injury, is dismissed with

prejudice. (Silver v Pataki at 539; Mahoney v Pataki at 52).

Plaintiff Strunk's failure to state a cause of action

Alternatively, plaintiff STRUNK's complaint must be dismissed for his failure to state a cause of action. The Court is under no obligation to accept as true plaintiff's complaint, full of legal conclusions and bald assertions cloaked as facts. (*Ruffino v New York City Tr. Auth.*, 55 AD3d 817, 818 [2d Dept 2008]). As noted above, in *Morris v Morris* at 451, "bare legal conclusions are not entitled to the benefit of the presumption of truth and are not accorded every favorable inference." Moreover, plaintiff has failed to plead any facts that fit within any cognizable legal theory. (*Goldman v Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.*, at 570-571).

Further, plaintiff STRUNK's often rambling and almost incomprehensible complaint fails to satisfy the pleading requirements of CPLR §3013 and CPLR Rule 3014. CPLR § 3013 requires statements in a pleading to be "sufficiently particular to give the court and parties notice of the transactions, occurrences, or series of transactions or occurrences, intended to be proved and the material elements of each cause of action or defense." CPLR Rule 3014 imposes additional pleading requirements that "[e]very pleading shall consist of plain and concise statements in consecutively numbered paragraphs. Each paragraph shall contain, as far as practicable, a single allegation . . . Separate causes of action or defenses shall be separately stated and numbered and may be

stated regardless of consistency."

In Sibersky v New York City (270 AD2d 209 [1d Dept 2000], the Court dismissed an amended petition for its "complete failure to follow the dictates of CPLR 3013 or 3014." The Sibersky complaint consisted of "seven pages of single-spaced, unnumbered paragraphs, the import of which is unascertainable," and the Court held that "[p]leadings that are not particular enough to provide the court and the parties with notice of the transaction or occurrences to be proved must be dismissed." Complaints that do not meet the pleading requirements of CPLR § 3013 and CPLR Rule 3014 will be dismissed if "devoid of specific factual allegations" and do not "indicate the material elements of a claim and how they would apply to the case." (Megna v Becton Dickinson & Co., 215 AD2d 542 [2d Dept 1995]). In Peri v State (66 AD2d 949 [3d Dept 1979]), affd 48 NY2d 734 [1979]), a pro se plaintiff's complaint was dismissed for failure to comply with CPLR § 3013. The Court instructed that "[a]t a minimum, a valid complaint must include all material elements of the cause of action."

Plaintiff STRUNK's rambling, forty-five page prolix complaint, with its irrelevant, scatter-shot morass of alleged historical references, virulent anti-Catholic rhetoric and extensive political rant fails to plead his alleged causes of action in a manner that is "sufficiently particular to give the court and parties notice of the transactions, occurrences, or series of transactions or occurrences, intended to be proved and the

material elements of each cause of action [CPLR § 3013]" and organized in "plain and concise statements in consecutively numbered paragraphs [CPLR Rule 3014]." "While a refined and attenuated analysis might arguably spell out a shadow of a cause of action, neither the defendants nor the trial court should be subject to the difficulties." (*Kent v Truman*, 9 AD2d 649 [1d Dept 1959]). (*See Geist v Rolls Royce Limited*, 18 AD2d 631 [1d Dept 1962]; *Safer Beef Co., Inc. v Northern Boneless Beef, Inc.*, 15 AD2d 479 [1d Dept 1961]). In a case, such as this one, in which "the amended complaint is prolix, confusing, and difficult to answer" and the complaint contains "a confusing succession of discrete facts, conclusions, comments . . . and considerable other subsidiary evidentiary matter whose relevance to a particular cause of action is frequently obscure . . . Defendants should not be required to answer such a jumble." (*Rapaport v Diamond Dealers, Club, Inc.*, 95 AD2d 743, 744 [1d Dept 1983]). (*See Etu v Cumberland Farms, Inc.*, 148 AD2d 821, 824 [3d Dept 1989]).

Plaintiff STRUNK fails to plead fraud with particularity

"The elements of fraud are narrowly defined, requiring proof by clear and convincing evidence (cf., Vermeer Owners v Guterman, 78 NY2d 1114, 1116 [1991])."

(Gaidon v Guardian Life Ins. Co. of America, 94 NY2d 330, 349-350 [1999]). Mere conclusory statements alleging the wrong in the pleadings are insufficient. (McGovern v Nassau County Dept. of Social Services, 60 AD3d 1016 [2d Dept 2009]; Sargiss v

Magarelli, 50 AD3d 1117 [2d Dept 2008]; Dumas v Firoito, 13 AD3d 332 [2d Dept 2004]; Sforza v Health Ins. Plan of Greater New York, 210 AD2d 214, 215 [2d Dept 1994]).

The Appellate Division, Second Department, in *Giurdanella v Giurdanella* (226 AD2d 342, 343 [1996], held that:

to establish a prima facie case of fraud, the plaintiff must establish

- (1) that the defendant made material representations that were false,
- (2) that the defendant knew the representations were false and made them with the intent to deceive the plaintiff, (3) that the plaintiff justifiably relied on the defendant's representations, and (4) that the plaintiff was injured as a result of the defendant's representation.

(See Kerusa Co., LLC v W10Z/515 Real Estate Ltd. Partnership, 12 NY3d 236 [2009]; Small v Lorillard Tobacco Co., Inc. 94 NY2d 43 [1999]; Channel Master Corp. v Aluminum Limited Sales, Inc., 4 NY2d 403 [1958]; Smith v Ameriquest Mortg. Corp., 60 AD3d 1037 [2d Dept 2009]; Cash v Titan Financial Services, Inc. 58 AD3d 785 [2d Dept 2009]).

Plaintiff STRUNK presents in his complaint fraud accusations that can be, at best, described as bare assertions. He does not allege that he relied upon any statements of defendants and fails to allege that he suffered any pecuniary loss as a result of the

statements of any defendant. Actual pecuniary loss must be alleged in a fraud action. (Dress Shirt Sales, Inc. v Hotel Martinique Assoc., 12 NY2d 339, 343 [1963]; Rivera v Wyckoff Heights Hosp., 184 AD2d 558, 561 [2d Dept 1992]). The mere use of the word "fraud" in a complaint is not sufficient to comply with the specific requirements of CPLR § 3016 (b) that fraud be plead with particularity. Therefore, plaintiff STRUNK fails to allege the necessary elements for a fraud cause of action.

This Court lacks jurisdiction

Plaintiff's complaint essentially challenges the qualifications of both President OBAMA and Senator MCCAIN to hold the office of President. This is a non-justiciable political question. Thus, it requires the dismissal of the instant complaint. "The "nonjusticiability of a political question is primarily a function of the separation of powers." (Baker v Carr, 369 US 186, 210 [1962]). Under separation of powers, "[t]he constitutional power of Congress to regulate federal elections is well established." (Buckley v Valeo, 424 US 1, 13 [1976]). (See Oregon v Mitchell, 400 US 112 [1970]; Burroughs v United States, 290 US 534 [1934]). Under New York law, "[t]his judicial deference to a coordinate, coequal branch of government includes one issue of justiciability generally denominated as the 'political question' doctrine." (Matter of New York State Inspection, Security & Law Enforcement Employees, District Council 82, AFSCME, AFL-CIO v Cuomo, 64 NY2d 233, 239 [1984]).

The framework for the Electoral College and its voting procedures for President

and Vice President is found in Article II, Section 1 of the U.S. Constitution. This is fleshed out in 3 USC § 1 et seq., which details the procedures for Presidential elections. More specifically, the counting of electoral votes and the process for objecting for the 2009 Presidential election is found in 3 USC § 15, as modified by Pub L 110-430, § 2, 122 US Stat 4846. This required the meeting of the joint session of Congress to count the 2008 electoral votes to be held on January 8, 2009. On that day, after the counting of the Electoral College votes, then-Vice President Dick Cheney made the requisite declaration of the election of President OBAMA and Vice President BIDEN. (155 Cong Rec H76 [Jan. 8 2009]). No objections were made by members of the Senate and House of Representatives, which would have resolved these objections if made. This is the exclusive means to resolve objections to the electors' selection of a President or a Vice President, including objections raised by plaintiff STRUNK. Federal courts have no role in this process. Plainly, state courts have no role.

Thus, this Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction to determine the eligibility and qualifications of President OBAMA to be President, as well as the same for Senator MCCAIN or ROGER CALERO. If a state court were to involve itself in the eligibility of a candidate to hold the office of President, a determination reserved for the Electoral College and Congress, it may involve itself in national political matters for which it is institutionally ill-suited and interfere with the constitutional authority of the Electoral College and Congress. Accordingly, the political question doctrine instructs this Court

and other courts to refrain from superseding the judgments of the nation's voters and those federal government entities the Constitution designates as the proper forums to determine the eligibility of presidential candidates.

Justice Robert Jackson, concurring in *Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. v Sawyer* (343 US 579, 635 1952], in discussing separation of powers stated that "the Constitution diffuses power the better to secure liberty." Justice Thurgood Marshall, in his majority opinion in *U.S. v Munoz-Flores* (495 US 385, 394 [1990]), on the subject of separation of powers, quoted from Justice Antonin Scalia's dissent in *Morrison v Olson*, 487 US 654, 697 [1988], in which Justice Scalia observed that "[t]he Framers of the Federal Constitution . . . viewed the principle of separation of powers as the absolutely central guarantee of a just Government." This Court will not disrupt the separation of powers as enunciated in the U.S. Constitution and articulated by Justices Jackson, Marshall and Scalia.

Further, plaintiff STRUNK has failed to properly serve defendants, including President OBAMA and Senator MCCAIN, pursuant to the CPLR. With numerous other grounds present for dismissing the instant action, the Court will not elaborate upon how plaintiff STRUNK failed to obtain personal jurisdiction over defendants.

Plaintiff STRUNK is precluded by collateral estoppel

Collateral estoppel or "issue preclusion," as observed by Prof. Siegel, in NY Prac

§443, at 748-749, [4th ed], "scans the first action and takes note of each issue decided in it. Then if the second action, although based on a different cause of action, attempts to reintroduce the same issue, collateral estoppel intervenes to preclude its relitigation and to bind the party, against whom the doctrine is being invoked, to the way the issue was decided in the first action." In *Ryan v New York Telephone Company* (62 NY2d 494, 500 [1984]), the Court of Appeals, held that "[t]he doctrine of collateral estoppel, a narrower species of *res judicata*, precludes a party from relitigating in a subsequent action or proceeding an issue clearly raised in a prior action or proceeding and decided against that party or *those in privity*, whether or not the tribunals or causes of action are the same [*Emphasis added*]." Two prerequisites must be met before collateral estoppel can be raised. The Court of Appeals, in *Buechel v Bain* (97 NY2d 295 [2001], *cert denied* 535 US 1096 [2002]), instructed at 303-304, that:

There must be an identity of issue which has necessarily been decided in the prior action and is decisive of the present action, and there must have been a full and fair opportunity to contest the decision now said to be controlling (see, Gilberg v Barnieri, 53 NY2d 285, 291 [1981]). The litigant seeking the benefit of collateral estoppel must demonstrate that the decisive issue was necessarily decided in the prior

action against a party, or one in privity with a party (see, id.). The party to be precluded from relitigating the issue bears the burden of demonstrating the absence of a full and fair opportunity to contest the prior determination. [Emphasis added]

(See D'Arata v New York Cent. Mut. Fire Ins. Co., 76 NY2d 659, 664 [1990]; Gramatan Home Investors Corp. v Lopez, 46 NY2d 481, 485 supra; Westchester County Correction Officers Benevolent Ass'n, Inc. v County of Westchester, 65 AD3d 1226, 1227 [2d Dept 2009]; Franklin Dev. Co. Inc. v Atlantic Mut. Ins. Co., 60 AD3d 897, 899 [2d Dept 2009]; Luscher ex. rel Luscher v Arrua, 21 AD3d 1005 [2d Dept 2005]).

Plaintiff STRUNK litigated many of the issues in the instant action in US District Court, but also in the previously cited *Strunk v Paterson*, et al, Index No. 29642/08, before Justice Schmidt. He acknowledged this, in ¶2 of the instant complaint, by stating:

That this complaint is fairly traceable to the events and actions leading up to the Party primaries during the 2008 election cycle for the ballot access of the Presidential slates at the November 4, 2008 General Election as complained of in the related election law case, Strunk v Paterson, et al. NYS Supreme Court in the County of Kings with Index No. 29642-08 before the Honorable David I Schmidt of Part 1

as an election law matter. [sic]

As mentioned above, Justice Schmidt disposed of *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, on March 14, 2011, by denying all of plaintiff's motions and noting that the statute of limitations expired to join necessary parties President OBAMA and Senator MCCAIN. Therefore, collateral estoppel precludes plaintiff STRUNK from pursuing the instant action.

Denial of plaintiff's cross-motion to consolidate

Plantiff's cross-motion to consolidate this action with *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, and transfer the instant action to Justice Schmidt is denied. Justice Schmidt, on November 19, 2008, in *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, declined to sign plaintiff STRUNK's order to show cause to enjoin Governor Paterson from convening New York's December 2008 meeting of the Electoral College, because "plaintiff is collaterally estopped." This refers to the Eastern District action dismissed by Judge Ross, in which she found the complaint frivolous.

After a hiatus of several years, plaintiff STRUNK, by order to show cause, attempted to amend his complaint. Justice Schmidt, in his January 11, 2011 short-form order, denied this motion in its entirety.

Then, plaintiff STRUNK moved to reargue. On March 14, 2011, Justice Schmidt, in a short-form order, denied reargument because plaintiff "failed to join a necessary

party President OBAMA and Senator MCCAIN and the statute of limitations to do so expired." Finally, on November 9, 2011, H. William Van Allen, an ally of plaintiff STRUNK, moved to intervene as a plaintiff to challenge President OBAMA's placement on the upcoming 2012 ballot. In his November 22, 2011 short-form order, Justice Schmidt denied Mr. Van Allen's intervention "in all respects." Further, Justice Schmidt held "[t]his is an action that was commenced in 2008 and has remained inactive for several years and it would be improper to allow plaintiff to raise new matters before the Court after the extended period of inactivity."

Plaintiff's frivolous conduct

"A complaint containing as it does both factual allegations and legal conclusions, is frivolous where it lacks an arguable basis" and "embraces not only the inarguable legal conclusion, but also the fanciful factual allegation." (*Neitzke v Williams*, 490 US 319, 325 [1989]). Plaintiff STRUNK, as cited above, alleges numerous fanciful, fantastic, delusional, irrational and baseless claims about defendants. The U.S. Supreme Court, citing *Neitzke*, held in *Denton v Hernandez* (504 US 25, 32-33 [1992]), that:

A court may dismiss a claim as factually frivolous only if the facts alleged are "clearly baseless," 490 US at 127, 109 S Ct at 1833, a category encompassing allegations that are "fanciful," *id.*, at 325, 109 S Ct at 1831, "fantastic," *id.*, at 328, 109 S Ct at 1833, and

"delusional," *ibid*. As those words suggest, a finding of factual frivolousness is appropriate when the facts alleged rise to the level of the irrational or the wholly incredible.

In Denton, the plaintiff alleged that he had been repeatedly raped by a number of inmates at several different prisons, all using the same modus operandi. The Court concluded that these allegations were "wholly fanciful" and dismissed the claim as frivolous as a result. In Shoemaker v U.S. Department of Justice (164 F 3d 619, 619 [2d Cir 1998]), plaintiff alleged that the government and television stations conspired to: "(1) broadcast information about his feces on national television; and (2) file and publicized false charges of child abuse against him." The Court, citing Neitzke and Denton, dismissed the action as frivolous because plaintiff's "factual claims are irrational and incredible." Another case applying the frivolous standards of *Neitzke* and *Denton* is *Perri* v Bloomberg (2008 WL 2944642 [US Dist Ct, ED NY 2008]), in which plaintiff alleged that a secret unit of the NYPD was attempting to kill him and his cats. The Court dismissed the case, finding that plaintiff's complaint has "a litany of sensational allegations pertaining not only to the NYPD, but also to various arms of government, both state and federal. Accordingly, Perri has not established that he is entitled to a preliminary injunction, because his allegations of irreparable harm are unsupported and bizarre."

Plaintiff STRUNK'S complaint, as well as his opposition to defendants' motions to dismiss, alleges that the correct interpretation of the natural born citizen clause of the U.S. Constitution requires a natural born citizen to have been born on United States soil and have two United States born parents. Despite plaintiff's assertions, Article II, Section 1, Clause 5 does not state this. No legal authority has ever stated that the natural born citizen clause means what plaintiff STRUNK claims it states. "The phrase 'natural born Citizen' is not defined in the Constitution, see Minor v Happersett, 88 US 162, 167 [1875]), nor does it appear anywhere else in the document, see Charles Gordon, Who Can Be President of the United States: An Unresolved Enigma, 28 Md. L. Rev. 1, 5 (1968)." (Hollander v McCain at 65). Plaintiff STRUNK cannot wish into existence an interpretation that he chooses for the natural born citizen clause. There is no arguable legal basis for the proposition that both parents of the President must have been born on U.S. soil. This assertion is as frivolous as the multitude of alleged allegations outlined above.

Moreover, President OBAMA is the sixth U. S. President to have had one or both of his parents not born on U.S. soil. Plaintiff STRUNK and his fellow "birthers" might not realize that: both parents of President Andrew Jackson were born in what is now Northern Ireland; President James Buchanan's father was born in County Donegal, Ireland; President Chester A. Arthur's father was born in what is now Northern Ireland;

President Woodrow Wilson's mother was born in Carlisle, England; and, President Herbert Hoover's mother was born in Norwich, Ontario, Canada.

Therefore, the prosecution of the instant action by plaintiff STRUNK, with its fanciful, fantastic, delusional, irrational and baseless claims about defendants appears is frivolous. 22 NYCRR § 130-1.1 (a) states that "the Court, in its discretion may impose financial sanctions upon any party or attorney in a civil action or proceeding who engages in frivolous conduct as defined in this Part, which shall be payable as provided in section 130-1.3 of this Subpart." 22 NYCRR § 130-1.1 (c) states:

conduct is frivolous if:

- (1) it is completely without merit in law and cannot be supported by a reasonable argument for an extension, modification or reversal of existing law;
- (2) it is undertaken primarily to delay or prolong the resolution of the litigation, or to harass or maliciously injure another; or
- (3) it asserts material factual statements that are false.

Conduct is frivolous and can be sanctioned, pursuant to 22 NYCRR § 130-1.1 (c), if "it is completely without merit . . . and cannot be supported by a reasonable argument for an extension, modification or reversal of existing law." (*Gordon v Marrone*, 202 AD2d 104, 110 [2d Dept 1994] *lv denied* 84 NY 2d 813 [1995]). (*See RKO Properties, Inc. v Boymelgreen*, 77 AD3d 721 [2d Dept 2010]; *Finkelman v SBRE, LLC*, 71 AD3d 1081 [2d

Dept 2010]; Glenn v Annunziata, 53 AD3d 565, [2d Dept 2008]; Miller v Dugan, 27

AD3d 429 [2d Dept 2006]; Greene v Doral Conference Center Associates, 18 AD3d 429

[2d Dept 2005]; Ofman v Campos, 12 AD3d 581 [2d Dept 2004]). It is clear that plaintiff

STRUNK's complaint: "is completely without merit in law;" "is undertaken primarily

... to harass" defendants; and, "asserts material factual statements that are false."

Several years before the drafting and implementation of the Part 130 Rules for costs and sanctions, the Court of Appeals (A.G. Ship Maintenance Corp. v Lezak, 69 NY2d 1, 6 [1986]) observed that "frivolous litigation is so serious a problem affecting the proper administration of justice, the courts may proscribe such conduct and impose sanctions in this exercise of their rule-making powers, in the absence of legislation to the contrary (see NY Const, art VI, § 30, Judiciary Law § 211 [1] [b])."

Part 130 Rules were subsequently created, effective January 1, 1989, to give the courts an additional remedy to deal with frivolous conduct. In *Levy v Carol Management Corporation* (260 AD2d 27, 33 [1st Dept 1999]) the Court stated that in determining if sanctions are appropriate the Court must look at the broad pattern of conduct by the offending attorneys or parties. Further, "22 NYCRR 130-1.1 allows us to exercise our discretion to impose costs and sanctions on an errant party." (*Levy* at 33). Moreover, "[s]anctions are retributive, in that they punish past conduct. They also are goal oriented, in that they are useful in deterring future frivolous conduct not only by the particular parties, but also by the Bar at large." (*Levy* at 34).

The Court, in Kernisan, M.D. v Taylor (171 AD2d 869 [2d Dept 1991]), noted that the intent of the Part 130 Rules "is to prevent the waste of judicial resources and to deter vexatious litigation and dilatory or malicious litigation tactics (cf. Minister, Elders & Deacons of Refm. Prot. Church of City of New York v 198 Broadway, 76 NY2d 411; see Steiner v Bonhamer, 146 Misc 2d 10) [Emphasis added]." To adjudicate the instant action, with the complaint replete with fanciful, fantastic, delusional, irrational and baseless allegations about defendants, combined with plaintiff STRUNK's lack of standing, the barring of this action by collateral estoppel and the Court lacking personal jurisdiction and subject matter jurisdiction over many of the defendants, is "a waste of judicial resources." This conduct, as noted in Levy, must be deterred. In Weinstock v Weinstock (253 AD2d 873 [2d Dept 1998]) the Court ordered the maximum sanction of \$10,000.00 for an attorney who pursued an appeal "completely without merit," and holding, at 874, that "[w]e therefore award the maximum authorized amount as a sanction for this conduct (see, 22 NYCRR 130-1.1) calling to mind that frivolous litigation causes a substantial waste of judicial resources to the detriment of those litigants who come to the Court with real grievances [Emphasis added]." Citing Weinstock, the Appellate Division, Second Department, in Bernadette Panzella, P.C. v De Santis (36 AD3d 734 [2d Dept 2007]) affirmed a Supreme Court, Richmond County \$2,500.00 sanction, at 736, as "appropriate in view of the plaintiff's waste of judicial resources [Emphasis added]."

In Navin v Mosquera (30 AD3d 883, 883 [3d Dept 2006]) the Court instructed that

when considering if specific conduct is sanctionable as frivolous, "courts are required to examine 'whether or not the conduct was continued when its lack of legal or factual basis was apparent [or] should have been apparent' (22 NYCRR 130-1.1 [c])."

Therefore, the Court will examine the conduct of plaintiff STRUNK in a hearing, pursuant to 22 NYCRR § 130-1.1, to determine if plaintiff STRUNK engaged in frivolous conduct, and to allow plaintiff STRUNK a reasonable opportunity to be heard. Further, at the hearing, an opportunity will be given to counsel for defendants to present detailed records of costs incurred by their clients in the instant action.

Plaintiff precluded from relitigation of the same claims

The Court is concerned that plaintiff STRUNK continues to use the scarce resources of the New York State Unified Court System to fruitlessly pursue the same claims. He is no stranger to litigation in Supreme Court, Kings County, Civil Term.

Further, plaintiff STRUNK has had several bites of the same apple in U.S. District Court, which resulted in findings of his engagement in frivolous conduct with, as stated by Judge Ross, complaints that "have contained allegations that have risen to the irrational." The Court should not have to expend resources on the next action by Mr. STRUNK that will be a new variation on the same theme of defendants' alleged misdeeds and misconduct. The continued use of the New York State Unified Court System for the personal pursuit by plaintiff STRUNK of irrational complaints against defendants must cease.

Our courts have an interest in preventing the waste of judicial resources by a party

who knows that his or lawsuit has no legitimate basis in law or fact and continues to attempt to relitigate resolved claims and issues. (*Martin-Trigona v Capital Cities/ABC*, *Inc.*, 145 Misc 2d 405 [Sup Ct, New York County 1989]). The Court, in *Sassower v Signorelli* (99 AD2d 358, 359 [2d Dept 1984]), noted that "public policy mandates free access to the courts . . . and, ordinarily, the doctrine of former adjudication will serve as an adequate remedy against repetitious suits." Then, the *Sassower* Court observed, in the next paragraph, that: "[n]onetheless, a litigious plaintiff pressing a frivolous claim can be extremely costly to the defendant and can waste an inordinate amount of court time, time that this court and the trial courts can ill afford to lose (see *Harrelson v United States*, 613 F2d 114)."

Pro se litigants whom abuse judicial process have had their access to the courts limited. In Spremo v Babchik (155 Misc2d 796 (Sup Ct, Queens County 1996]), the Court, in enjoining a pro se litigant from instituting any further actions and proceedings in any court in the New York State Unified Court System, citing Sassower and Kane v City of New York, 468 F Supp 586 [SD NY 1979], affd 614 F2d 1288 [2d Cir 1979]). The Kane Court, at 592, held:

The fact that one appears pro se is not a license to abuse the process of the Court and to use it without restraint as a weapon of harassment and libelous bombardment. The injunction herein ordered

is fully warranted to put an end to such activity. . . Commencement of action upon action based on the same facts dressed in differentigarb, after thrice being rejected on the merits and having been repeatedly warned that the claims were barred by res judicata, can only be explained as malicious conduct.

In *Muka v New York State Bar Association* (120 Misc 2d 897 [Sup Ct, Tompkins County 1983]), a *pro se* plaintiff commenced a fourth unsuccessful lawsuit against the State Bar Association upon various conspiracy theories. The Court in dismissing the action, based upon *res judicata*, observed, at 903, that "all litigants have a right to impartial and considered justice. Insofar as any litigant unnecessarily consumes inordinate amounts of judicial time and energy, he or she deprives other litigants of their proper share of these resources. A balance must be kept."

Therefore, plaintiff STRUNK, with his history of abusing the civil justice system, by bringing *pro se* actions devoid of merit against the same defendants, is precluded from relitigating the same claims and issues which waste court resources and is enjoined from bringing any future actions in the New York State Unified Court System against: the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS, JAMES A. WALSH/ Co-Chair, DOUGLAS A. KELLNER/Co-Chair, EVELYN J. AQUILA/Commissioner, GREGORY P. PETERSON/Commissioner, Deputy Director TODD D. VALENTINE, and Deputy

Director STANLY ZALEN; ANDREW CUOMO, ERIC SCHNEIDERMAN, THOMAS P. DINAPOLI and RUTH NOEMI COLON, in their Official and individual capacity; Father JOSEPH A. O'HARE, S.J.; Father JOSEPH P. PARKES, S.J.; FREDERICK A. O. SCHWARZ, JR.; PETER G. PETERSEN; ZBIGNIEW KAIMIERZ BRZEZINSKI; MARK BRZEZINSKI; JOSEPH R. BIDEN, JR.; BARACK H. OBAMA, NANCY PELOSI; the DEOMCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK; the STATE COMMITTEE OF THE WORKING FAMILIES PARTY OF NEW YORK STATE; ROGER CALERO; the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY; IAN J. BRZEZINSKI; JOHN SIDNEY MCCAIN III; JOHN A. BOEHNER; the NEW YORK STATE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE; the NEW YORK STATE COMMITTEE OF THE INDEPENDENCE PARTY; the STATE COMMITTEE OF THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY OF NEW YORK STATE; PENNY S. PRITZKER; GEORGE SOROS; OBAMA FOR AMERICA; OBAMA VICTORY FUND; MCCAIN VICTORY 2008; and MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008; without the prior approval of the appropriate Administrative Justice or Judge. The Court instructed, in Vogelgesang v Vogelgesang (71 AD3d 1132, 1134 [2d Dept 2010]), that:

The Supreme Court providently exercised its discretion in enjoining the appellant from filing any further actions or motions in the . . . action without prior written approval. Public policy generally mandates free

access to the courts (*see Sassower v Signorelli*, 99 AD2d 358, 359 [1984]). However, a party may forfeit that right if he or she abuses the judicial process by engaging in meritless litigation motivated by spite or ill will (*see Duffy v Holt-Harris*, 260 AD2d 595 [2d Dept 1999]; *Shreve v Shreve*, 229 AD2d 1005 [2d Dept 1996]). There is ample basis in this record to support the Supreme Court's determination to prevent the appellant from engaging in further vexatious litigation.

(See Scholar v Timinsky, 87 AD3d 577 [2d Dept 2011]; Dimeryv Ulster Sav. Bank, 82 AD3d 1034 [2d Dept 2011]; Capogrosso v Kansas, 60 AD3d 522 [1d Dept 2009]; Simpson v Ptaszynska, 41 AD3d 607 [2d Dept 2007]; Pignataro v Davis, 8 AD3d 487 [2d Dept 2004]; Cangro v Cangro, 288 AD2d 417 [2d Dept 2001]; Mancini v Mancini, 269 AD2d 366 [2d Dept 2000]; Braten v Finkelstein, 235 AD2d 513 [2d Dept 1997]).

Conclusion

Accordingly, it is

ORDERED, that the motion by counsel for defendants MCCAIN VICTORY 2008, MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008 and Senator JOHN MCCAIN, to admit Todd E. Phillips, Esq., a member in good standing of both the California and District of Columbia bars, for the instant action *pro hace vice* is granted; and it is further

ORDERED, that the motions to dismiss plaintiff CHRISTOPHER-EARL

STRUNK's instant complaint by: defendants President BARACK OBAMA, Vice
President JOSEPH BIDEN, OBAMA FOR AMERICA and the OBAMA VICTORY
FUND; defendants MCCAIN VICTORY 2008, MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008 and
Senator JOHN MCCAIN; defendants MARK BRZEZINSKI and IAN BRZEZINSKI;
defendant Representative NANCY PELOSI; defendant GEORGE SOROS; defendants
THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY and ROGER CALERO; defendant Speaker
JOHN BOEHNER; defendant ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI; defendants Father JOSEPH A.
O'HARE, S.J., Father JOSEPH P. PARKES, S.J. and FREDERICK A. O. SCHWARZ,
JR.; defendant PENNY PRITZKER; and defendant PETER G. PETERSEN; are all
granted, with the instant complaint dismissed with prejudice; and it is further

ORDERED, that the cross-motion of plaintiff CHRISTOPHER EARL-STRUNK to consolidate the instant action with *Strunk v Paterson, et al*, Index No. 29642/08, before Justice David Schmidt, is denied; and it is further

ORDERED, that plaintiff CHRISTOPHER EARL-STRUNK is hereby enjoined from commencing any future actions in the New York State Unified Court System against: the NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS, JAMES A. WALSH/ Co-Chair, DOUGLAS A. KELLNER/Co-Chair, EVELYN J. AQUILA/Commissioner, GREGORY P. PETERSON/Commissioner, Deputy Director TODD D. VALENTINE, and Deputy Director STANLY ZALEN; ANDREW CUOMO, ERIC SCHNEIDERMAN, THOMAS P. DINAPOLI and RUTH NOEMI COLON, in their Official and individual

capacity; Father JOSEPH A. O'HARE, S.J.; Father JOSEPH P. PARKES, S.J.;

FREDERICK A. O. SCHWARZ, JR.; PETER G. PETERSEN; ZBIGNIEW KAIMIERZ

BRZEZINSKI; MARK BRZEZINSKI; JOSEPH R. BIDEN, JR.; BARACK H. OBAMA,

NANCY PELOSI; the DEOMCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF THE STATE OF

NEW YORK; the STATE COMMITTEE OF THE WORKING FAMILIES PARTY OF

NEW YORK STATE; ROGER CALERO; the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY; IAN J.

BRZEZINSKI; JOHN SIDNEY MCCAIN III; JOHN A. BOEHNER; the NEW YORK

STATE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE; the NEW YORK STATE COMMITTEE

OF THE INDEPENDENCE PARTY; the STATE COMMITTEE OF THE

CONSERVATIVE PARTY OF NEW YORK STATE; PENNY S. PRITZKER;

GEORGE SOROS; OBAMA FOR AMERICA; OBAMA VICTORY FUND; MCCAIN

VICTORY 2008; and MCCAIN-PALIN VICTORY 2008; without prior approval of the

appropriate Administrative Justice or Judge; and it is further

ORDERED, that any violation of the above injunction by CHRISTOPHER-EARL STRUNK may subject CHRISTOPHER-EARL STRUNK to costs, sanctions and contempt proceedings; and it is further

ORDERED, that it appearing that plaintiff CHRISTOPHER EARL-STRUNK, engaged in "frivolous conduct," as defined in the Rules of the Chief Administrator, 22 NYCRR § 130-1.1 (c), and that pursuant to the Rules of the Chief Administrator, 22 NYCRR § 130.1.1 (d), "[a]n award of costs or the imposition of sanctions may be made

will conduct a hearing affording plaintiff CHRISTOPHER EARL-STRUNK "a reasonable opportunity to be heard" and counsel for all defendants may present to the Court detailed records of costs incurred by their clients in the instant action, before me in Part 27, on Monday, May 7, 2012, at 2:30 P.M., in Room 479, 360 Adams Street, Brooklyn, NY 11201; and it is further

ORDERED, that Ronald D. Bratt, Esq., my Principal Law Clerk, is directed to serve this order by first-class mail, upon CHRISTOPHER EARL-STRUNK, 593 Vanderbilt Avenue, # 281, Brooklyn, New York, 11238 and upon counsel for all defendants in this action.

This constitutes the Decision and Order of the Court.

 $E N_{1}T_{1}E R$

HON. ARTHUR M. SCHACK

J. S. C.

HON. ARTHUR M. SCHACK J.S.C

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Plaintiff,	
v.	Criminal Action No. 20-165-JEB

KEVIN CLINESMITH,

Defendant

Delenuant.		

CHRISTOPHER EARL STRUNK, EXECUTOR AND SETTLOR FOR THE EXPRESS DEED IN TRUST TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, MAKES THIS BIRTHER CONFESSION AS TO OUTRAGEOUS ACTS OF FACTITIOUS DISORDER IMPOSED ON ANOTHER, IN LIEU OF EQUAL TREATMENT OF A 18 USC §1001 CURE TO CONVICT SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE SCAPEGOAT DEFENDANT ALSO KNOWN AS KEVIN CLINESMITH, PROFFERS THE CRIMINAL ACCESSORY INFORMATION EXPERTISE AND INSIGHT FOR JAMES EMANUEL BOASBERG'S SECRET SOCIETY LIES AND CONCEALMENT IN U.S. SENATE CONFIRMATION

EXHIBIT 4

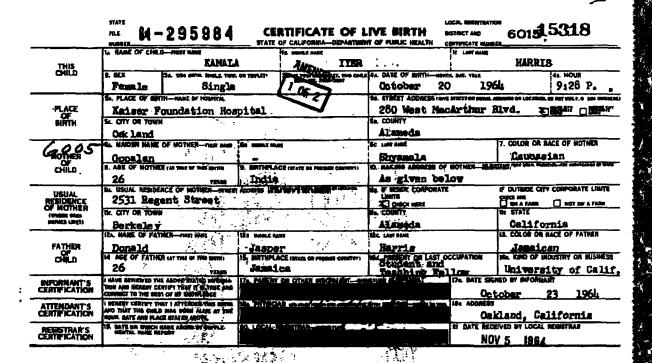
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Mr. CERTIFICATION OF A LIAN INCORD.

OFFICE OF CLERK-RECORDER

COUNTY, OF ALAMEDA

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA



DOCUMENT TO ESTABLISH IDENTITY

[Reproduced for educational purposes only. Fair Use relied upon.]

Tri-Valley Office http://www.sogov.org/suditor/clerk/bdm/Birth.hbm binline order

CERTIFIED COPY OF VITAL RECORD STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDIA

This is a line and transt reproduction of the document cilicinity registers and placed on life in the office of the Alameda County Class-Recorder.

MAR 1 0 2019

O O O O O T 7 O 3 2

Thelian Wilk

Melian Wilk

COUNTY CLENK RECORDER

This popy is not valid sittens prepared on an empaved border deploying the date, socially eligibative of the Churc-Rentrat

ANYALIERATION OR FRASURE VOIDS THIS CERTIFICATE



OFFICE OF CLERK-RECORDER COUNTY OF ALAMEDA OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA INFORMATIONAL - NOT A VALID DOCUMENT TO ESTABLISH IDENTITY AFFIDAVIT TO CORRECT A RECORD 64-2959Bh HARRIS REGISTRAINT NFORMATION DATE COMMAN PRINC Movember 5, 1964 Gopalan Shyamala PACTS EXACTLY AS STATED ON THE ORIGINAL RECORD STATEMENT OF ORRECTIONS WHY IS CHANGE FFR 1.8 1965 [Reproduced for educational purposes only. Fair Use relied upon.] CERTIFIED COPY OF VITAL RECORD